Terms of Publication.

THE WAYNESBURG REPUBLICAN, Office in Sayers' building, east of the Court House, is published every Wednesday morning, at $2 per annum, IN ADVANCE, or $2 50 if not paid within the year. **All subscription accounts MUST be settled annually.** No paper will be sent out of the State unless paid for IN ADVANCE, and all such subscriptions will invariably be discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they are paid.

Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To ensure attention favors of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author, not for publication, but as guarantee against imposition.

All letters pertaining to business of the office must be addressed to the Editor.

The Waynesburg Republican.

JAS. E. SAYERS, . FIRMNESS IN THE RIGHT AS GOD GIVES US TO SEE THE RIGHT.—*Lincoln.* *EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.*

VOL. XI. **WAYNESBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, JULY 24, 1867.** **NO. 6.**

Terms of Advertising AND JOB WORK.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at $1 50 per square for three insertions, and 50 cents per square for each additional insertion; (ten lines or less counted a square). All transient advertisements to be paid for in advance.

BUSINESS NOTICES set under the head of local news will be charged invariably 10 cents a line for each insertion.

A liberal deduction made to persons advertising by the quarter, half-year or year. Special notices charged one-half more than regular advertisements.

JOB PRINTING of every kind in Plain and Fancy colors; Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards Pamphlets, &c., of every variety and style, printed at the shortest notice. The REPUBLICAN OFFICE has just been re-fitted, and every thing in the Printing line can be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates.

Poetry.

LET US MAKE THE BEST OF IT.

Life is but a fleeting dream,
Care destroys the zest of it;
Swift gliding like a stream—
Mind you make the best of it?
Talk not of your weary woes,
Trouble, or the rest of it;
If we have but brief repose,
Let us make the best of it.

If your friend has got a heart,
There is something fine in him;
Cast away the darker part,
Cling to what's divine in him.
Friendship is our best relief—
Make no heartless jest of it;
It will brighten every grief,
If we make the best of it.

Happiness despises state;
'Tis no sage experiment,
Simply that the wise and great
May have joy and merriment.
Rank is not its spell refined—
Money is not the test of it,
But a calm, concealed mind,
That will make the best of it.

Trusting to the Power above,
Which, sustaining all of us
In one common bond of love,
Bindeth great and small of us,
Whatsoever may befall—
Sorrows or the rest of it—
We shall overcome them all,
If we make the best of it.

Select Reading.

From the Columbus Journal.

ANECDOTE OF GENERAL GRANT.

A friend some time ago related to us an anecdote of General Grant, which is too good to be lost.

Such of our readers as served in East Tennessee during the winter campaign of 1863-'64—and no doubt we have a large number of them—will remember that the soldiers were very scantily supplied with clothing, and it was a common thing to issue corn in the ear as rations both to men and mules, each man receiving from one to three ears per day. As the contending armies were lying near each other, each desirous of obtaining the mastery of the country, there was skirmishing, and, in fact, such engagements, as in the early part of the war, would have been considered respectable battles, were of frequent occurrence. On sudden emergencies the soldiers would be ordered into line, leaving their baggage in camp, to which they might not return for days, and when they did return they frequently found that the enemy had been there in the meantime, and carried off or destroyed everything of value. This was especially true of a brigade of Indiana six month's men, known as the "Persimmon Brigade," because, not relishing corn in the ear, they chose to subsist on persimmons. So much were the men kept on the alert that though Major Ballard, a Paymaster, was present, the commanding officers could not allow him to pay off some of the regiments for more than a month.

Such was the state of affairs when General Grant having been appointed to the supreme command of the army, paid a flying visit to the forces occupying the country to the northwest of the Clinch river, on his way to Washington, in the winter of 1864. A few days before, the main body of the enemy had retired toward Southwestern Virginia, and Gen. Wilcox, who commanded the district of the Church, had fixed his headquarters at one of the County towns in the northern part of Tennessee. Grant arrived, unannounced and unexpected, at the place, on a bitter cold day, and forbade the firing of a salute or making any other demonstration. Even the sentinel in front of Gen. Wilcox's quarters who was one of the "Persimmon Brigade," was not aware of his presence. After spending some time with Gen. Wilcox, Gen. Grant went out and mounted his horse. The sentinel, who was an uncouth specimen of the Hoosier, was trying to keep himself warm by walking to and fro, alternately striking the butt of his musket on the pavement, and testing the solidity of the frozen earth by trying to thrust his bayonet into it.

Gen. Grant appeared to be amused at the performance, and addressing the soldier, said, "Well, my man, to what command do you belong?"

Picking up an old shoe on the point of his bayonet, and twirling it in the air, the man replied, "I belong to the wun hundred and——th Injianny;—Col.——, the d—d old rip."

"You don't seem to like Col.——," said Gen. Grant.

"Now, look here, Mister," replied the soldier, "I don't wish you any harm, but I wish you had to take my place under him for a month or two."

"Why, what is the matter with him?" inquired the general.

"Matter!—why dod rot his old soul! he's starvin' us to death!"

"Starving you?"

"Yes sir, starvin' us! I don't expect you'll bleeve me, for it's a tough story to tell a white man: but it's a gos*pill* truth, I haint had a thing to eat now for more'n eight days, except a few 'simmons!"

"Well," said Grant, "that is a pretty tough story."

"Yes, it *is!* but I'll take my *solid* oath on a stack of Bibles as high as a meetin, house that it's every word the gos*pill* truth!—Mister can you give me a chaw of tobacker?"

"I have no tobacco about me," said the General, "but I can get you some;" and turning to one of his escort he got a plug of tobacco and handed it over to "Injianny."

He took out his knife as if to cut it, and looking up said, "Please, mister, may I take two chaws? I haint had a taste of tobacker for more'n four weeks! Dod rot the sutlers!"

"O, yes," said Grant, "you may keep the whole plug if you choose. We have plenty."

"Now mister, I thank you very much. I'll give you ten pounds of tobacker some time. This'll be meat, and coffee, and blankets, for Jim and me."

"Why, don't you have blankets enough?"

"Blankets!—thunder! Mister, I 'spose you'll think I'm an ungodly liar; but I haint had no blanket nor no overcoat now for more'n six weeks!—and *lordy!* aint it cold of nights? I wish you had to try it as we do! *No!*—that's a lie!—I don't wish it neither!"

"How came you to be without an overcoat and blanket?" the General inquired.

"Why, sir," said the Hoosier, "Col.——the d—d old rip—took us out of camp over here at the Clinch Gap, and while we were gone, the Johnnies—dod rot their theivin,' rebel hearts! I wish I had about six of 'em here *now!*—they made a raid on our camp, and stole all our overcoats and blankets! Dod darn 'em!"

"Well," said Grant, "you do seem to have a hard time of it."

"I rawther guess we *do*," said the soldier; "and that ain't all! I haint never had no pay neither! Darn me, ef I've had a dollar now for more'n four months!"

"What is the reason of that?" queried the General. "Don't the Paymaster ever come around here?"

"Yes," said the soldier, "the Paymaster came around here two months ago; and he was lousy with greenbacks."

"Well, then," said Grant, "why didn't you get your pay?"

"Why jist this reason, Mister. After we'd signed the pay rolls, and the Paymaster had the *ready John Davis* counted out in piles for us, Col.——, the d—d old rip, marched us off over the Clinch Gap; and I haint seen no Paymaster since. And, I'll tell *you*, Mister, when this tobacker's gone, I'll be dod rotted to thunder ef me and the boys don't make a raid on one of the sutlers, ef we're hung for it in five minutes! Darn 'em! they're as bad as the rebs! they won't trust a fellow to a cent!"

"Now," said the General, "you look like an honest man; and if you will be sure to pay me, I'll lend you a dollar."

The Hoosier's countenance brightened up. "Upon my *soul* and *honor*, Mister, I'll pay you."

"Very good, here's the money! now be as good as your word," said the General, and he handed the soldier a government note.

"Hello, Mister!" said the soldier, opening the bill and looking at it, "You've made a devil of a mistake! This is a V! I won't take that much!"

"All right," said Grant, turning his horse and starting off; "lend some of it to Jim and the other boys—I have nothing smaller just now."

The soldier set his musket against the fence, and running after the General, caught his horse by the bridle and stopped him; and, while the tears were streaming down his bronzed cheeks, said, "Look here, Mister, you've got a soul! you're a Christian!—I am myself when I'm at home—and ef you don't go to heaven, there's no use in havin' sich a place! Mister do you live in Injianny? I want to pay you when I get home."

"No matter," said Grant, "where I live. You'll find me some time." And the General disengaging the soldier's hand from his bridle rein, put spurs to his horse and rode off.

"By the lordy!" said the man. "Isn't he a buster? And won't our boys have tobacker and a good time? The sutlers—dod rot 'em!—may go to the devil, and *stick* their tobacker!" And he walked back to his beat, ignorant of the name and rank of the man of whom he had borrowed the money.

It is but just to remark, says the gentleman who tells the story, that though suffering for food, clothing and necessaries, there were no better soldier's in any army than the "Persimmon Brigade." The officers were as destitute and helpless as the men; and were powerless to assist them. Col.——, against whom the antipathies of many soldier's were directed, was a brave and deserving officer, and was really in no wise responsible for the fact that the soldier's had no overcoats, blankets, food, pay and tobacco. He, himself, was but little better off.

A GOOD thing is told of the President in Raleigh. While responding in a feeling manner to the welcome given him, he used the expression, "Let us, my friends, repair the breeches"—and before he could add "made by the war," an old woman exclaimed, with perfect delight, "bless the dear old man, he has come home again to work at his old trade!"

THEY tell of one of the unterrified at Bridgeport, Conn., who was especially eager to see the Presidential party, exclaiming, as he rushed up to the car, "I don't care shucks about Johnson; it's Parson Nasby that I want to see."

VIRGINIA.

Address of Gov. Peirpoint.

RICHMOND, Va., July 9.—The following are the main points in the address of Gov. Peirpoint to the people of Virginia. The Governor says:

"I united in the call for the Convention which is to assemble in Richmond on the first of August next. The object of that Convention is to agree upon a basis of action which shall be acceptable to all the people of Virginia, without distinction of color or race, who *love* the Government of the United States, and are willing to rally under the protecting folds of the old flag to adopt a Constitution for the State that shall guarantee equal rights and equal privileges, legal and political, to all her people, rich and poor, white and colored, who will adopt the spirit of our free institutions, make labor honorable, and recognize education as a right to every child that comes into the world, who can be made to receive it; and to lay, again, deep in the foundations of the old Commonwealth, the eternal principles of freedom and enlightened progress as taught by our fathers. Painful experience has taught me that there are men in the State who hate the Government of the United States; who regard loyalty to it a reproach, and who would place the heal of proscription on the neck of every Union man, and politically and socially ostracise him if they could. Many of these men, or all of them, claim to be *loyal* to the Government; but how can they be loyal when they seek to proscribe every man who professed loyalty during the struggle through which we have just passed? I have been assured that the masses of the white people of the State do not share in their sentiments. From my personal intercourse I am satisfied that there are many leading men who were ardently engaged in the late Rebellion who do not share the feelings to which I refer; few if any of the colored people do. It is an effort on the part of certain political leaders to inflame supposed prejudices of the people, that they may retain political control of the State, and continue a policy of agitation and hatred; that the spirit of enterprise and progress may be banished from the State forever; for when progress and education come, the occupation of these leaders will be gone. Republican was the name of the party of Jefferson and Madison. It passed away; it was revived, and is now the great dominant party in the United States, pledged to equal, political and legal rights of all the people; pledged to see that these rights shall be given to every man in the nation; pledged to the support of the Government—to the education of the masses—to liberal policies in internal improvements—to build up our country in all that is great and good, and that tends to the liberty and happiness of the people. The men acting in this great organization are from all the old party organizations of the country, and may be termed a *live party*, awake to all the great interests of the day. There is great opposition to this party by a large body of men North and South; but it is opposition for the sake of opposition. The object of the call alluded to is to give to all such an opportunity to combine in one great party, without distinction of race or color, and unite in placing the old Commonwealth on a living basis, extending the hand of charity and good fellowship to all, that both white and colored may have an opportunity to select the best men for members of the Convention, and for future officers of the State; that our Government may be stable, administering impartial justice to the rich and humble alike. I say it to the credit of the colored men, that I have never met one who has expressed any other desire than for honest and capable men in office, be they white or black. They want justice, liberty and peace, that they may enjoy the fruits of their labor, lay a foundation for their future fortunes, get homes of their own, that they may educate and rear their children to honest industry, and qualify them for future usefulness. Seeing the effort to array one race against the other in the State, and fully appreciating the fatal result of such a state of things to the prosperity and welfare of the Commonwealth, and believing that there was danger that a majority of the white people were about to place themselves in a false position to their country, I should have been false to myself and to my State had I not joined in the call to enable the people to vindicate themselves, and establish their government on a firm foundation of prosperity and comity with our sister States.

The second portion of Gov. Peirpoint's address is entitled "The Lost Cause," and and after some explanation as to the derivation of that phrase he defines it as follows:

"I think it was a bad cause that ought to have been lost, and so will future history pronounce it. The motive which urged its promoters was not that laboring men or the middle class might have greater privileges; with the exception of a single State manhood suffrage was enjoyed by all the white men who were of lawful age and not convicted of crime. It was not to elevate the social condition of the white masses of people by extending to them a system of general education; for the free schools of the North were made subjects of ridicule by the Southern politician. It was not to lessen taxation and lessen the burdens of government; because two standing armies, two navis, two sets of national officers, of every grade, home and foreign, would have to be supported, instead of one. It was not on account of a high protective tariff, because the necessities of the "Confederacy" would have required the very highest duties on foreign imports that could have been laid to meet the requirements of the Government. It was not on account of the failure of Northern States to execute "The Fugitive Slave Law," because the cotton States that inaugurated the Rebellion scarcely lost a slave, except in their own swamps and jungles. The leaders of the rebellion had none of these objects in view. When South Carolina passed the ordinance of secession, her leading men declared that they had been educating the people for the act for 30 years, and that if they were not taught then they never would be. Her Governor declared that they must have a *stronger* Government; the term "Democrat," as a party name, was at once dropped; the declaration became fashionable that there was an end of free voting and free schools, and that Republican Government was a failure; it might do for rude rural districts, but was not fit for gentlemen to live under in a refined state of society. It had no power to preserve or perpetuate itself. Among the first acts of the Legislature of South Carolina was one to exempt the sons of her first families in her colleges and universities from military duties. Virginia passed an act to continue the appropriations to the University and Military Institute, and appropriated the residue of the Literary Fund to military defense; thus her statesmen put an end to the encouragement of education among the poor. Those who inaugurated and encouraged the movement had their minds filled with ideas of class government, based on the idea that *capital should own labor*, and those who *owned the labor should make the laws*. The exemptions from military duty of the large slaveholders by the Confederate Congress, the numerous details granted by these in power to the rich and influential, and the ruthless conscriptions of the laboring and middle classes, all indicate the object of the leaders; in fact, it passed into a proverb that it was "the rich man's war and the poor man's fight." But I need not accumulate facts to prove the intention of the leaders. *The Examiner*, the organ of the slaveholding aristocracy, expressed the object to be attained by the Rebellion. * * * * One of Virginia's most gifted and honored sons has declared, since the war, that "it was universal suffrage that brought on the war." I am aware that these ideas and motives did not influence the masses in Virginia who entered and were engaged in the war, and that, had the Confederacy succeeded, and the effort made to deprive them of these civil and political rights every leader's head would have been in danger of the block, or his body of the scaffold. The spirit of liberty still rules in the minds of the masses. "The lost cause" made its tens of thousands of widows and orphans; it laid waste our fields and brought penury and starvation to our homes; it ought to deprive us of the rich inheritance of freedom purchased by our fathers; it struck at the life and liberty of the nation. Man proposes; *God disposes*. Man proposed to erect a fabric of government whose corner-stone should be human Slavery; Providence overruled the purpose, and made freemen of millions of slaves. The cause died, "when God arose to judgment to save all the meek of the earth; surely the wrath of man shall praise Him, and the remainder shall these restrain. Thus saith the Lord."

THE RECONSTRUCTION BILL.

The following is the reconstruction bill, as finally passed and sent to the President:

SECTION 1. That it is hereby declared to have been the true intent and meaning of the act of the 2d day of March, 1867, entitled "an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," and the act supplementary thereto, passed the 23d of March, 1867, that the governments then existing in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisianna, Florida, Texas and Arkansas, were not legal State governments, and that thereafter said governments, if continued, were to be continued subject in all respects to the military commanders of the respective districts, and to the paramount authority of Congress.

SEC. 2. That the commander of any district named in said act shall have power, subject to the disapproval of the General of the army of the United States, and to have effect until disapproved, whenever, in the opinion of such commander, the proper administration of said act shall require it, to suspend or remove from office, or from the performance of official duties, and the exercise of official powers, any officer or person holding office or exercising, or professing to exercise, any civil or military office or duty in such districts under any power, election, appointment, or authority derived from, or granted by, or claimed under, any so-called State, or the government thecof, or any municipal or other division thereof, and upon such suspension or removal such commander, subject to the disapproval of the General, as aforesaid, shall have the power to provide from time to time for the performance of the said duties of officer or person so suspended or removed by the detail of some competent officer or soldier of the army, or by the appointment of some other person to perform the same and to fill vacancies occasioned by death, resignation, or otherwise.

SEC. 3. That the General of the army of the United States shall be invested with all the powers of suspension, removal, appointment and detail granted in the preceeding section to district commanders.

SEC. 4. That the acts of the officers of the army already done, in removing in said districts persons exercising the functions of civil officers, and appointing others in their stead, are hereby confirmed; provided that any person heretofore or hereafter appointed by any district commander to exercise the functions of any civil office, may be removed either by the military officer in command of the district, or by the General of the army; and it shall be the duty of such commander to remove from office as aforesaid all persons who are disloyal to the Government of the United States, or who use their official influence in any manner to hinder, delay, prevent, or obstruct the due and proper administration of this act and the acts to which this is supplementary.

SEC. 5 That the boards of registration provided for in the act entitled "An act supplementary to an act entitled An act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," passed March 2, 1867; "and to facilitate restoration," passed March 23, 1867, shall have power, and it shall be their duty, before allowing the registion of any person, to ascertain, upon such fact or information as they can obtain, whether such person is entitled to be registered under said act, and the oath required by said act shall not be conclusive on such question; and no person shall be registered unless such board shall decide that he is entitled thereto; and such board shall also have power to examine under oath, to be administered by any member of such board, any one touching the qualification of any person claiming registration; but in every case of refusal by the board to register an applicant, and in every case of striking his name from the lists hereinafter provided, the board shall make a note or memorandum, which shall be returned with the registration list to the commanding general of the district, setting forth the ground of such refusal or such striking from the list: *Provided*, That no person shall be disqualified as member of any board of registration by reason of race or color.

SEC. 6. That the true intent and meaning of the oath prescribed in said supplementary act is (among other things) that no person who has been a member of the Legislature of any State, or who has held any executive or judicial office in any State, whether he has taken an oath to support the Constitution of the United States or not, or whether he was holding such office at the commencement of the rebellion, or had held it before, and who has afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof, is entitled to be registered or to vote; and the words "executive or judicial" office in any State, in said oath mentioned, shall be construed to include all civil offices created by law for the administration of any general law of a State, or for the administration of justice.

SEC. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That the time for completing the original registrations provided for in any act may, in the discretion of the commander of any district, be extended to the first day of October, 1867; and the board of registration shall have power, and it shall be their duty, commencing fourteen days prior to any election under said act, and upon reasonable public notice of the time and place thereof, to revise for a period of five days the registration list, and upon being satisfied that any person not entitled thereto has been registered, to strike the name of such person from the list, and such person shall not be allowed to vote. And such board shall also, during the same period, add to such registry the names of all persons who at that time possess the qualifications required by said act, who have not been already registered, and no person shall at any time be entitled to be registered or to vote by reason of any executive pardon or amnesty, for any act or thing, which, without such pardon or amnesty, would disqualify him from registration or voting.

SEC. 8. That all members of said boards of registration, and all persons hereafter elected or appointed to office in said military districts under any so-called State or municipal authority, or by detail or appointment of the district commander, shall be required to take and subscribe to the oath of office prescribed by law for the officers of the United States.

SEC. 9. That no district commander, or member of the board of registration, or any officer or appointee acting under them, shall be bound in his action by any opinion of any civil officer of the United States.

SEC. 10. That section four of said last named act shall be construed to authorize the commanding general named therein, whenever he shall deem it needful, to remove any member of a board of registration, and to appoint another in his stead, and to fill any vacancy in such board.

SEC. 11. That all the provisions of this act, and of the acts to which this is supplementary, shall be construed liberally, to the end that all the intents thereof may be fully and perfectly carried out.

RECONSTRUCTION.

Correspondence between General Sheridan and General Grant.

The following comprises a few of the letters which passed between Generals Grant and Sheridan in reference to affairs in the Fifth Military District:

[General Grant to Gen'l Sheridan, June 7.]

GENERAL: I see a dispatch from Washington announcing that the Secretary of War and myself favored a reprimand for your action in removing the Governor of Louisiana. I was not even in the city at the time. There is not one word of truth in the story.

U. S. GRANT, General.

[Gen'l. Sheridan to General Grant, June 8.]

Governor Flanders assumed duties of office to-day. He is a man of integrity and ability, and now I feel as though I were relieved of half my labors. As it has been heretofore, there was no security, and I feel, as the people of the whole State feel, that we have got rid of an unprincipled Governor and a set of disreputable tricksters which he had about him. Nothing will answer here but a bold and strong course, and in taking it I am supported unanimously by every class and party.

P. H. SHERIDAN, Major General.

[Gen'l. Sheridan to General Grant, July 7.]

The result of Mr. Stanbery's opinion is now beginning to show itself by a defiant opposition to all acts of the military commanders, by impeding and rendering helpless the civil officers acting under his appointment. For instance, the Mayor of the city notifies the Common Council that $1,250,000 of illegal bonds has been issued by the Controller of the City Treasury. The Common Council refuse to investigate to ascertain the facts. The city attorney refuses to sue out an injunction to stop the issue. I fear the chaos which the opinion will make if carried out, is but little understood. Every civil officer in this State will administer justice according to his own view. Many of them denouncing the military bill as unconstitutional, will throw every impediment in the way of its execution, and bad will go to worse, unless this embarrassing condition of affairs is settled by permitting me to go on in my just course, which was endorsed by all the people except those disfranchised, most of whom are office-holders, or desire to be such.

P. H. SHERIDAN, Major General.

[Gen'l. Sheridan to Gen'l. Grant, June 28.]

I am in receipt of a communication from the Adjutant General's Department, dated 20th of June, in reference to resignation. I am at a loss to know whether it is an order or not. The form and phraseology is not that of an order, but I may be mistaken, and I ask for information, whether I am to regard it as an order.

P. H. SHERIDAN, Major General.

[Gen'l. Grant to Gen'l. Sheridan, June 28.]

Your dispatch of yesterday received. Enforce your construction of the military bill until ordered otherwise. The opinion of the Attorney General has not been distributed to district commanders in language or manner entitling to the force of an order, nor can I suppose that the President intended it to have such force.

U. S. GRANT, General.

[Gen'l. Grant to Gen'l. Sheridan, June 29.]

I think it advisable for you to extend the time for registration in Louisiana until the 10th of July throughout the State. The President will have returned before that and decided as to the further extension.

U. S. GRANT, General.

[Gen'l. Sheridan to Gen'l. Grant, June 29.]

The registration in the State of Louisiana will be continued in obedience of the President, unless I receive further orders from him to the contrary.

P. H. SHERIDAN, Major General.

[Gen'l. Sheridan to Gen'l. Grant, July 2.]

I did not get your dispatch of June 29 until to-day. It was mislaid in the Washington office. I had already ordered the extension in the State, except the parish of Orleans, until the 25th of July, and after the receipt of your letter of the 24th, extension was made indefinite. The boards now have nothing to do in this city, and in most of the parishes.

P. H. SHERIDAN, Major General.

[Gen'l. Grant to Gen'l Ord, June 23.]

GENERAL: Copy of your final instructions to board of registration, of June 10, 1867, is just received. I entirely dissent from the views contained in paragraph 4. Your views as to the duties of registers to register every man who will take the required oath, though they may know the applicant perjures himself, is sustained by the views of the Attorney General. My opinion is, that it is the duty of the registration to see, as far as it lays in their power, that no unauthorized person is allowed to register. To secure this end, registers should be allowed to administer oaths and examine witnesses. The law, however, makes district commanders their own interpreters of their power and duty under it, and, in my opinion, the Attorney General or myself can no more than give our opinion as to the meaning of the law. Neither can enforce their views against the judgment of those made responsible for the faithful execution of the law—the district commanders.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant, U. S. GRANT, General.

THE MAINE LAW.

The good people of Maine have been trying the virtues said to lie in the strict enforcement of this well-known statute. The constabulary, having concluded their legitimate labors, have recently been employed as follows, if we may believe the *Standard*, published at Augusta. It remarks:

We give the following as the result of the past week's labor:

A cow arrested for having two "horns."

A colored individual, lately deceased, fined for being "on his bier."

A pair of boots seized for being "tight."

A little boy's kite sentenced to have its tail cut off for having been on a "high time."

A clothing dealer "hauled up" for advertising "Great Bar-gains."

A confectioner tried for selling "Ginger Snaps."

A horse ran away and smashed a wagon. The horse was promptly arrested, but it being proved that the "smash" contained nothing intoxicating, he was acquitted.

Several "cocktails" found in the hencoop of a prominent citizen, were confiscated. The success of the police in this seizure caused much "crowing," and it will doubtless "spur" them on to increased activity.

An unfortunate Hibernian was locked up for having a "punch" in the head.

A worthy shoemaker, seized on suspicion of being a "cobbler," but proving there was no "sherry" connected with him, was released on condition that this should be his "last offence." He was informed that any future dereliction would involve the confiscation of his "all." The excitement "waxed" intense.

Complaint that a barrel of beef was found "corned" at Adams'.

"WHAT IS A TARE?"

Many men, although not as exemplary as they should be in their lives, are yet at much pains to rear their children correctly. The sentiment with them is, "Do as I say, not as I do." Such a father—not far from Cincinnati—is in the habit of getting intoxicated, or on a "tare," rather often. He endeavors, however, to hide the fact from his children; but "little pitchers have long ears," and children know more of what is going on than grown people frequently suppose.

One evening this exemplary parent was hearing his little Johnny recite his Sunday school lesson. It was from the fourteenth chapter of Matthew, wherein is related the parable of the malicious individual who went about sowing tares, etc.

"What is a tare?" the parent interrupted to inquire.

Johnny hesitated.

"Tell me, my son, what a tare is?"

"You have had 'em," said Johnny, casting down his eyes and wriggling his foot.

"Had 'em!" said the astonished parent, opening his eyes rather wide. "Why what do you mean, Johnny?"

"When you didn't come home for three days last week," said Johnny, "I heard mother tell Aunt Susan that you was off on a tare."

The Sunday school lesson was brought to an abrupt close, and Johnny, who knew too much altogether to sit up any later, was sent off to bed.

SPRING FEVER.—Corry O'Lanus, of the *Brooklyn Eagle*, has experienced an attack of the spring fever. He describes its symptoms as follow:

Did you ever catch the spring fever? It has caught me slightly, and I think of reporting myself to the Board of Health as a case of quarantine.

If they would send me somewhere for a week or two, where I would have nothing to do and no board to pay, I think I should feel better.

The symptoms of the spring fever are a vigorous inclination to do nothing.

You feel as though you could stand any amount of repose.

The spring fever is a bad complaint when you haven't time to attend to it.

A SOUTHERN correspondent in one of his letters informs us of a novel and economical mode of courtship in Florida. "As you have never seen the language of pine I will give it here. A gentleman not wishing to face the music in person, sends his lady love a piece of pine, signifying, 'I pine for thee;' and she, wishing to give a favorable answer, sends in return a pine knot, meaning, 'pine not;' or if she wishes to say no, she sends a burnt pine knot, thereby signifying, I 'make light of your pine.'"

THERE is a great gold plethora in England, and the Bank of England has $30,000,000 coin on hand that there is no call for, notwithstanding the low rate of interest. This is owing to dullness in business and the falling off in the foreign trade, which has been ten per cent. since September.

The Waynesburg Republican.

WAYNESBURG, PENN'A.

Wednesday, July 24, 1867

DISTRICT AND COUNTY TICKET.

SUPREME JUDGE
HON. H. W. WILLIAMS,
Of Allegheny County.

ASSEMBLY,
DR. JOHN STONE,
Of Monongahela Tp.

SHERIFF,
JOHN WALTON,
Of Richhill Tp.

TREASURER,
SAMUEL HARVEY,
Of Centre Tp.

COMMISSIONER,
JOHN LANTZ,
Of Gilmore Tp.

JURY COMMISSIONER,
JOSEPHUS MORRIS,
Of Greene Tp.

POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR,
A. SHELBY,
Of Dunkard Tp.

COUNTY COMMITTEE.

Marion	J. H. Wells, (Chairman) A. L. Myers,
Carm. Boy	J. R. Mitchiner, T. H. Lincoln,
Jackson	Samuel Hayard, John Smith,
Richhill	J. W. Walton, Robert Bristor,
Morris	Jacob Swart, Hamilton Payne,
Centre	Jas. Call, Dr. T. Rogers,
Franklin	Thos. Hill, Jacob Rinehart,
Washington	Harrison Pettit,
Morgan	Wm. Hedge, Barnet Hughes,
Jefferson	Harvy Denny, R. Drake,
Cumberland	Jos. Long, Franklin Gwynn,
Whiteley	Bowen Stephens, H. Hudson,
Greene	P. A. Myers, Abner Fordyce,
Aleppo	A. J. Hinerman, Geo. Plants,
Dunkard	George Miller, Bowen Ross,
Perry	Jas. Headlee, J. A. King,
Wayne	H. Brock, Wm. Kent,
Gilmore	S. Hennen, W. Clovis,
Springhill	Dan'l. White, Jacob Rice,

A NEW PLANK.

Let it be generally understood by the people that Democracy (so-called) has accepted the addition of a new plank to their political platform, this plank—REPUDIATION. In their compassion (?) for the oppressed, tax-ridden people, they propose the sacrifice of honor plighted, as a panacea for the woes their own traitorous and invidious party brought upon the nation. We had supposed that yet a little manhood existed among them, but is this not the very acme of all that is craven? Two hundred and fifty millions of dollars held by those who befriended the government in her hour of need to be swept from their grasp at on one fell, legislative stroke! And why? Because they say, it established a monied aristocracy in our midst that is calculated in time to obliterate our republican institutions! Who compose their formidable faction so soon to absorb the interests of the country? It is not the slave oligarchs for they invested in far different securities. It is not those who cry out so loudly for the taxation of the bonds, because they invested not, for fear it would increase the power of government to arrest treason. It is not European holders, because they are not of our people. Who then? It is the loyal capitalist who was willing to risk all on the capability of American self-government. The hardy mechanic who toiled that his country might live. The patriot soldier who gave his pittance to the cause for which he fought. Such are the men whom these tax-shriekers would have you believe will constitute a tyrannical satrapy. They are in truth the nobility of the land *now*, and we hope will ever remain such, but as for plunging them into hopeless bankruptcy by legislative action we can never countenance the thought!

VETO.

The supplementary reconstruction bill has been vetoed by the President. Jerry Black, the man who delivered himself in Buchanan's time of the elaborate opinion that Congress by no constitutional power could coerce a State, is the framer of the document. Congress promptly overruled the veto, thus signally rebuking the old renegade and his parasites. The tone of the message raised the clamor for immediate impeachment among the more nervous of the members, the greater part received and treated it with that dignity of manner bespeaking righteous contempt for the man and his views. It is the last veto re-hashed, and as Mr. Johnson believes his arguments unassailable he will no doubt continue to advance them until the people kick him ignominiously from his high place.

THE AUSTRIAN MISSION.

A Washington dispatch of the 20th says: "The President to-day sent to the Senate the nomination of Horace Greely, as Minister to Austria. It was taken up, and would have been confirmed, had not a single objection made by Tipton, of Nebraska, carried it over under the rule until the next day of the session which in this instance is next November. Mr. Tipton said he would consent to confirm no man who would go bail for Jeff. Davis. No objection came from any other quarter."

Well?

LOOK OUT!

After reading the correspondence, published on the outside of to-day's paper between Generals Grant, Sheridan and Ord, the intelligent reader will not be long in determining the position held by "the Butcher" and the "soldier of fortune." If we mistake not Democracy will find they have been sleeping on a lighted magazine and this hissing of the fuse will awaken them to a sense of thir peril. Depend upon it, it will not be long until they begin throwing mud to extinguish it!

THE SUMMER SESSION.

It is very amusing, observes *Harper* for last week, to read the Copperhead comments upon any proposed action of Congress as compared with the actual result. If Congress were some fearful monster that might be expected at any moment to swallow the country bodily, these comments would not be different; and whatever its action, however moderate and reasonable, the air of horror upon the faces of the critics never disappears. The jest is perfect and exquisite when it is remembered that these same commentators revert to their own Democratic ascendency ten years ago, when the whole Government of the United States was prostituted to the demands of slavery, as the golden age of our politics.

The truth is, that Congress represents with remarkable fidelity the dominant sentiment of the country. Every individual, indeed, has his private opinion and theories of the situation, but there is a general current of thought as to what is expedient upon the whole. Both of these tendencies are represented in Congress. Every kind of opinion is expressed in every kind of rhetoric, but the final action is temperate any wise. If you listened to Mr. Stevens only, or to Mr. James Brooks you would fear that the clash of extremes so antagonistic would be inevitably most perilous. If you heard, on the other hand, one of the temporizers only, you would be sure that the Union would be lost in a mush of compromise like a frigate in a quick-sand. But it is neither Mr. Stevens, nor Mr. Brooks, nor the temporizers who shape the result. The law, when it is enacted after the long and various debate, expresses the average good sense of the dominant party.

It would be better, undoubtedly, if the opposition had a more numerous and an abler body of advocates. It is always desirable that a majority should feel at every turn its responsibility by feeling the force of the opposition. Then it carefully chooses its steps. It weighs and modifies its measures. It is admonished not by rhetorical objurgation but by stringent argument and and appeal that it must justify its action to the country. Had there been a larger and stronger opposition in the House we doubt if there would have been a summer session, for the Reconstruction Bill would have been so matured that there could have been no doubt of its meaning. When a summer session of Congress was announced there was the burst of jeering from the critics of whom we spoke, as if every folly were to be perpetrated. But its first act was virtually to resolve to confine itself to the special duty of interpreting the law. Nothing could be more sensible.

It is surprising that a bill of which the purpose was so evident should have been in the least obscure. Its object was unquestionably understood by the Radicals who supported it, by the Conservatives who opposed it, and by the President who vetoed it. That object was to protect the rights of every citizen in the rebel States; to secure universal suffrage except to those expressly excluded; to keep the peace until Congress had accepted the Constitutions which might be offered for its approval, and to do all this by the military authority of the United States. By the necessity of the case the District Commander was the supreme officer, and whenever there was any conflict his action must be final. The objections made to the bill by the Opposition in Congress and by the President as establishing a military despotism showed that there was really no question.

Nor would there have been, except for the hostility of the Attorney-General to the law and to the policy of Congress. Instead of interpreting it by its manifest, necessary, and declared intention he construed it with nervous literalness. His opinion was an effort to smother the spirit by the letter. Congress, therefore, has assembled to subject the letter to the spirit.

THE DEPLORABLE (?) CONDITION OF THE SOUTH.—Mills, the sculptor, is at Lexington Va., preparing a model for an equestrian statue of R. E. Lee.

Why Churches are so Empty.

A writer in the christian Register of Boston, thinks he can explain the whole affair by the prevalence of long sermons; and he instances the late excellent Dr. Lowell, of Boston, who always kept his church full by short and pointed discourses, only fifteen or twenty minutes long. He says.

"Although the machinery of advertising preaching in theatres opera-houses circus tents, &c., may excite a temporary interest, the only way to fill the churches permanently is for preachers who dilute their sermons into an hour's length to concentrate their thoughts into one of twenty minutes. Let them try it for six months and their churches will be filled."

It would be a profitable exercise for ministers to rewrite their sermons before preaching, with a determination to compress the whole into a space of twenty minutes. But every man is not a Dr. Lowel, nor would all sorts of minds be permanently attracted and interested by discourses so terse and condensed in form.

XLIth CONGRESS.

Reception of the Veto Message in the House—Immediate Impeachment of the President Demanded—The Bill Passed Over the Veto by a Party Vote—The Reconstruction Appropriation Bill Also Vetoed—It Passed in Both Houses Without Debate—The Senate Agrees to Adjourn Until December.

A Washington dispatch of Saturday last says: the principal feature of to-day's Congressional proceedings was the reception of the President's veto message of the supplemental reconstruction bill. It was considered in the regular Cabinet meeting to-day, and sent to the House, the body in which the bill originated, about 2 P. M. It is asserted on excellent authority that an elaboration of the Presidential views on the Southern debt question was cut off the message at the Cabinet meeting. The reading of the document was listened to throughout with close attention, every member being in his seat. No demonstrations of assent or dissent was made, but a severe onslaught followed its reading. Thad. Stevens took the floor in denunciation of it, and was succeeded by Mr. Boutwell, who proceeded in an earnest and excited maner to state that the President had defiantly declared in the message that he would not execute a law of congress, despite the fact that Congress would make the bill to which the President objected the supreme law of land. This was sufficient, he said, even if no other reason existed, why this House should continue in session, and proceed at once to impeach the President. Mr. Boutwell proceeded in this strain, and insisted that if the President were removed but for an hour before his term of office expired, that Congress and the nation would be vindicated.

The message and Boutwell's excited manner of speaking caused considerable excitement on both sides of the hall. As he sat down Mr. Randall, of Pa., sprang out of his seat on the Democratic side, and pointing his finger at Mr. Boutwell said:

"We dare you to impeach the President. Go on and do it if you dare."

Mr. Butler then took the floor, and said the remark of Mr. Randall would apply, he was afraid, to some members of the Republican side, who dared not proceed with the work of impeachment. He (Butler) was not among that number, and went on then to answer the President's objection to the bill.

Mr. Williams, of Pa., followed in the same strain, demanding that Congress should remain in session, and declaring that there was abundant evidence for impeachment.

Thad Stevens then resumed the floor. All of the members gathered around him, and the crowded galleries listened attentively. He looked, he said upon the impeachment matter as dead, and believed that there were invisible influences at work in the House which would prevent impeachment.

Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, then took the floor, and alluding to the remarks of Mr. Williams and Mr. Stevens, said that he was not be drawn from the conceintions discharge of his duty, although the political opponent of Andrew Johnson, by no man or set of men. [A round of applause greeted the sentiment.]—Nor was he hunted down because he choose to entertain his own opinion on impeachment.

The Democrats occupied ten minutes of the hour's debate; the vote was then taken and the bill passed over the President's veto by a party vote.

It was then sent to the senate, where to the surprise of many, the bill was passed over the veto without any debate, the moment the message was read, by thirty to six. Reverdy Johnson voted to sustain the veto.

As soon as the House disposed of one veto another came in, refusing Presidential approval to the Appropriation bill to carry out the Reconstruction act. This was speedily passed over the veto in both Houses without debate.

The Senate then agreed to adjourn from to-morrow until December next and it is generally understood to-night that the House will acquiesce. Mr. Sumner, however insisted that the President should be impeached at once, or that Congres should continue in perpetual session.

The Mexican Filibuster Movement.

"On to Mexico!" is still the watchword of a number of young men in New York who are banded together for the purpose of forming a filibustering party to Mexico. The *Herald* states that on Sunday an advertisement appeared in the columns of a weekly contemporary asking for volunteers to join in the movement, and a well-known Post-office station up town was selected as a depot for answers to be sent to this advertisement. The matter is kept very secret in order to escape police interference, but not so secret as to keep adventurous spirits out of "the ring." Numbers of ex-confederate officers, and ex-Federal officers as well, have already joined the first corps formed of "Maximillian's Avengers." Some of those already left the city are not very far from New Orleans, and some others are reported to have left on Saturday in one of the Havana steamers that sailed from New York. The friends and partizans of Santa Anna are equally active; and although Mr. Seward's letter had some effect in depressing the enthusiasm on behalf of the General, still his nephew Don Lopez de Santa Anna is sanguine as to his raising an expedition. A vessel is said to be fitting out in the East river, ostensibly in the interests of the liberal government and under consignment to Juarez, but really intended for one of the filibustering cohort. When the decisive blow is to be made and in what direction, is a matter merely for conjecture, but the filibusters had better be quick in preparations, as it is rumored on very reliable data that the President will issue a proclamation against such movements before a week is out, or at all event within the ensuing ten days.

FROM MEXICO.

Arrival of Madam Juarez—She Meets with a Grand Reception—President Juarez at the Capital—Beelings are Re-Election—Address Concerning the Execution of Maxamilian.

NEW ORLEANS, July 19.—The United States revenue cutter Wilderness, arrived here last night from Vera Cruz, where she arrived on the 14th inst. with Madam Juarez. A deputation of Mexican officials boarded the vessel, and warmly welomed Madam Juarez back to Mexico. On the 15th inst. she disembarked from the Wilderness, and met with an enthusiastic public reception, civil and military. The display during the dy was a gala one, and at night the city was brilliantly illuminated, and there was a magnificent display of fire works in her honor. Accompanied by a large party of Mexican nobilities she was to leave for the city of Mexico on the 15th inst.

President Juarez arrived at the capital on the 14th, and was cordially received. He emphatically declines a re-election, and has ordered a new election. He will return to the mountains as soon as his successor is chosen.

It is officially reported that General Vidaurie has been shot. Marqueze is believed to be hiding in the city of Mexico, and will be shot as soon as captured.

It was reported in Vera Cruz on the 14th, that Santa Anna was still alive, but later dates received in this city from Tampico state he had never been shot.

Everything was quiet in Vera Cruz, and the city was perfectly healthy.

The Austrian sloop of war Elizabeth, was receiving Austrian refugees on board. She held no communication with Mexican officials, except through the United States gunboat Taconey and Consul Sodiner.

The Liberals are about publishing an address to the world, in which they expect to justify themselves for the execution of Maximilian. It will treat of the killing of six thousand three hundred Mexicans for defending their native soil, and cite precedents which they think will clearly prove their acts within the range of propriety. They will produce documents which they say will throw new light upon what they have done. Some of the ablest men in the Republic are engaged on the work.

FROM THE PACIFIC.

California Politics—Republican State Convention Nominations—Proposed Purchase of Queen Charlotte Island.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 17.—The Republican State Convention, which met at Sacramento to-day, nominated John Bidwell for Governor, J. G. McCallum for Secretary of State, William Jones for Comptroller, and Edward C. Jeffries for State Priater. The remainder of the ticket is composed of the nominees of the late Union Convention. The Convention endorsed the reconstruction policy of Congress, and favored impartial suffrage, without distinction of color.

J. D. Goodman has withdrawn as an independent candidate for Congress in the Northern District, leaving the field clear throughout the State for the Congressional nominees of the Union party.

The *Victoria Morning News*, of July 4th, states that the principal object of Governor Seymour's visit to the northwest was to examine Queen Charlotte Island, for which it is said a wealthy company have offered a large sum of money, if they can obtain a fee simple transfer from the sovereignty of Great Britian. It states that the island abounds in copper and other minerals.

The ship Othello, for Liverpool has sailed.

Flour $6@6 50. Wheat $1 70@1 75. Barley $1 20@1 25. Legal Tenders 72½.

IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE.

Garabaldi and Papal Tyranny—He Proclaims for the Liberation of Rome—Reported Fighting at Vicenza.

LONDON, July 19.—The Empress Eugenie, will visit the Queen at Windsor Castle on Sunday next.

EDINBURG, July 19.—Wm. Lloyd Garrison arrived in this city, where he has been welcomed with signal honors. The municipality of Edinburg have received him as a public guest, and presented him with the freedom of the city.

LONDON, July 19.—*Midnight.*—In the House of Lords, this evening, a request was made on the part of the government, that the House would refrain, for the present, from any expression of opinion, by resolution or otherwise, in regard to the execution of Maximilian.

—o—

FLORENCE, July 19.—Garabaldi announced to a great meeting at Pistia that the time had come for liberating Rome from Papal tyranny and restoring the city to her ancient freedom.

LONDON, July 19.—*Midnight.*—A report reached this city to-night from Florence, stating that a fight occurred between a party of Garabaldians and Italians troops near Vicenza.

Another Big Will Contested.

The children of the late Rev. Alex. Campbell, by his first wife, have commenced suit in the Circuit Court of Brooke Co., W. Va., for the purpose of setting aside the will of the deceased. The case came up for hearing at Wheeling recently, but was continued on motion of the defendants.—Hon. Wm. Kennon Sr., of St. Clairsville, Hon. Benjamin Stanton and Daniel Lamb, of Wheeling, are employed for the plaintiffs—Hon. Jeremiah Black, of Pa., (Buchanan's Attorney General,) General J. A. Garfield, and N. Richardson, Esq., of Wheeling, for the will. About $200,000 are involved in the issue.

TEXAS.

Reign of Terror in the Red River Country—Rebel Outrages—A Church Attacked and Three Persons Killed.

GALVESTON, July 20.—Headquarters are overwhelmed with reports of outrages in the rebellious country. The colored people dare not accept appointments as registrars for fear of their lives. Judge Litemor, a prominent Texan, has resigned his appointment in the Bureau, being afraid of his life. The Chief outlaw is named Quest. The colored people flee to the woods on his approach. He was once arrested but escaped. In Sterling, Robinson county, a colored church was assaulted and two men and one woman killed. Capt. Randall, Bureau agent, raised a hundred freedmen and assaulted two of the ring-leaders.

A Liberal Law.

An exchange remarks: "A majority of the people seem to be in ignorance of the fact that a law was passed last winter providing that every honorably discharged soldier who is a resident of Pennsylvania, and who from wounds contracted while in the service of his country is unable, from disability to procure a livelihood by manual labor shall have the right to hawk, peddle and vend any ware by procuring a license for that purpose, which license shall be granted to him free of cost. To insure a soldier the benefit of the act, it is necessary that he procure a certificate from a surgeon in the United States army, that he is unfit to make a living by manual labor, and a certificate from a prothonotary of any county in the State that he is the bona fide owner of the goods he sells. Those of the brave veterans who are entitled to the benefit of act, should make it their business to take advantage of the generous provisions of the bill."

Ohio Wool Matters.

The Highland *News* says the sales of wool in that market so far have ranged at 35 to 45 cents. Growers backward about selling.

The Bellefontaine *Republican* says the price of wool in Bellefontaine ranges from 30 to 46 cents.

The Madison county *Union* says that a wool dealer shipped from London this week 25,000 pounds of wool, bought at 40 to 50 cents.

The Toledo *Blade* says the shipments of wool from that point last week amounted to 600,119 pounds—295,249 by lake and 304,879 by Cleveland and Toledo railroad.

The Marion *Independent* says a quantity of wool has already been shipped at this point. It is coming in quite freely. Price, about 47 cents.

The Kenton *Republican* says the wool market there is not so active as it has been, and prices have fallen. The highest figure now offered for first rate is forty-three cents, and thirty-five for common.

A manufacturing firm of Bucyrus writes to the *Journal* of that place that wool is higher in proportion to woolen manufactures than it has been for five years. A pound of wool will purchase more woolen goods.

The Fremont *Journal* says: Since the opening of the season there has been brought to town about seventy-two thousand pounds of wool, and probably as much more will be brought to town before the season closes. The price has ranged from thirty-seven and a half cents to forty three cents per pound, the average having been from forty to forty-three cents. The wool is light, and its condition as a general thing not much better, if any, than in former years—though the tags are more generally separated from the fleeces. The price is low and the tendency downward.

Characteristic Note From Brownlow.

The following is published in the last issue of Governor Brownlow's paper the Knoxville *Whig*.

To Whom it May Concern: The vindictive rebels and their apostate Union co-workers are asserting from one end the State to the other that I am dying, or will die—telling the truth but intending to make the false impression that I am now in the act of departing this life. With those who are trumpeting in this news abroad, the wish is father to the thought. Like my political enemies, and my friends, and all other human beings, I am dying, and will certainly die sooner or later. With us all it is only a question of time. My health, though indifferent, through God's mercy, is now as good as it has been within the last twelve months. I eat three hearty meals each day—I sleep well at night—and asleep or awake, I have a good conscience, and the pleasing prospect before me of obtaining the largest majority in the race for Governor that any man has obtained in the State for the last thirty years.

W. G. BROWNLOW.

July 10, 1867.

The Indians.

NEW YORK, July 19.—The *Herald's* Leavenworth special says: A train was captured last Sunday, near Fort Larned, by the Indians. Bishop Laney, ten priests and six Sisters of Charity accompanied the train, en route to Santa Fe. The men were killed, scalped and shockingly mutilated, and the females carried away captives.

ANOTHER roll of honor has been issued from the Quartermaster General's office. It embraces the names of soldiers who died in the defence of the American Union, interred in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, Illinois, Missouri, Iowa, Arkansas, Texas, Utah Territory, and on the Pacific coast. The pamphlet contains 173 pages, and is published for the information of relatives and friends. About 8,000 names are given. The blanks under the head of Virginia show 2,000, and under that of Missouri, 360 deceased soldiers whose names are unknown.

POLITICAL AND MISCELLANY.

GEN. M. JEFF. THOMPSON, a distinguished officer in the rebel service, from Missouri, recently gave a public endorsement of Gen. Longstreet's position, and advised the acceptance of the Reconstruction Act. He was instantly assailed by democratic journals, north and south. To one of them he replies, and his indignant response gives us a little insight into Southern history during the rebellion. Democracy there, as here, consisted in avoiding conscription, and fighting with words when other men were using bayonets.

NEW YORK, July 15, 1867.

Editor of the Banner, Yazoo, Miss.:

SIR:—I see in the New York *Herald* of this day an extract from your paper of the 15th inst., in which you have, in your opposition to certain letters written by gentlemen of the South, thought proper to use very disrespectful language about your superiors. From the style in which you speak I judge you to have been one of those miserable, dirty dogs who published an eight-by-ten sheet during the war for no earthly purpose but to avoid conscription, and who, to cover up their own cowardice, tried to, and in some instances did, break down some of the purest and noblest men in the Confederacy. Probably some of Albert Sidney Johnson's blood is on your hands, and you may be one of the hounds that barked at Joseph E. Johnston, and it may be, if your paper had strength enough and was published to the end of the Confederacy, that many of our mournful mishaps can be partially attributed to your meanness. You should have started earlier, remained longer, endured more hardship, braved more dangers, and surrendered with more regret than either of the gentlemen you name before you should have presumed to have written such an article. I cannot for an instant imagine you have been a soldier, and suppose you must be a "broken down politician," an "old dog," or a "little pup;" and, therefore, I will let you pass until I return South, when I will inquire into your antecedents, and if you are worthy of notice I will teach you better manners.

M. JEFF. THOMPSON, of N. Orleans.

ITU HITS all traitors, remarks the Harrisburg *Telegraph*, to know that the Supreme Court of the United States is now composed of a majority of Radical Republicans. The death of Justice Wayne has produced this result, and we can now confidently rely upon any of the actions of Congress to restore the Union upon a loyal basis, and protect the Union men in the South, being fully sustained by the Supreme Court. Thus we see the last hope of the rebels and Copperheads has been removed by the hand of Providence, and the same God who guided our armies to victory is still watching over us, and protecting our country from rebel rule and ruin. When a people are struggling for liberty, justice and a right of oppressed humanity, they may confidently expect to succeed, for the God that rules the universe watches over his people, and he surely leads those to victory whose purity of motive and fearless advocacy of right appeal to him for assistance.

With the Supreme Court thus composed of men who are imbued with a high appreciation of the intent of free institutions, the president will not be so ready to carry his usurpation before that body for approval.

BACK—The little brig which conveyed a party of twenty Fenians to Ireland, including Generals Warren and Nagle, an account of whose landing and arrest at Dungareen, Ireland, has been published, has arrived back. It appears she was chartered by a wealthy Irishman of this city, who is reported to have cleared her with a cargo of hardware, said hardware being 2,000 muskets and considerable ammunition. Arriving off the coast of Irland, it was found the brig was not provided with boats, and most of the party was obliged to jump overboard in the night and swim ashore in the surf. The brig attracted the attention of the coast guard, but managed to elude them. Her cargo of muskets has been discharged, and many of them are now on their way towards Canada. Two or three of the original party of Fenians came back on the brig. The expedition was conducted with the utmost secrecy.

SOLDIETS RELIEF BILL PASSED.—Congress had a very brief session on Monday. The Senate passed a substitute for the House bill for the relief of deserters. It relieves from the disabilities of desertion all who after faithful service went home subsequent to the 19th of April, 1865, and before they were properly mustered, out but declares such persons not entitled to bounty, back pay or pensions.

REMEMBER THIS!—Do you want to be shaved? If you do, vote for Judge Sharswood. He says National Bank Notes and greenbacks are not legal tenders, and if elected, under the decision of himself and Copperhead colleagues, they will soon be at a discount of from 30 to 50 per centum.

GEN. JAMES LONGSTREET has been named for the Senate from Louisiana by the Jackson, (Miss.) *Clarion*, "feeling that the honor of the South would be secure if confided in council to the keeping of one who guarded it so well in the field."

THE St. Louis *Journal* is authority for the assertion that many of the leading Democrats of the country are pulling the political wires to place General McClellan one more in nomination for the Presidency.

A sensible Virginian suggests that marble monuments for Confederate dead will not feel the starving Confederate widows and orphans.

THE Indian war is costing from one to two millions of dollars extra each week. A year of this business will add seriously to the public burdens.

THE New York *Gazette* publishes a sketch of Theodore Tilton, who has attained a wide celebrity at an early age. He is not yet thirty-two. He is a native of New York city, and was educated at the Free Academy or College. His attention was early directed to the press. He began learning short hand in his twelfth year, and reported for the *Tribune* before he left the Academy. He reported the Forrest divorce case. The case of Mrs. Burdell Cunningham and her bogus baby, he reported and wrote out at a single sitting to the extent of six and a half columns. Since he was a boy, Tilton has belonged to Plymouth Church, and made himself famous some years ago by boarding the lion in his den, or rather Beecher in his pulpit, taking issue with the pastor on the question of contributing to the American Board of Missions, Tilton holding that the Board was pro-slavery. Tilton has been for some years editor of the *Independent*, and has besides busied himself in writing books and poems, and delivering lectures and addresses. Further the *Gazette* says: "Tilton resides in Brooklyn, near Beecher's Church, owning a very comfortable and pleasant house in Livingston street, which is said to contain more and finer engravings, mostly artists' proofs, than any other residence in that city. His dwelling and its contents cost him about $25,000; and as his salary on the *Independent* is $5,000, and his income from lectures and other sources considerably more than that, he may be considered beyond lupine peril. Mrs. Tilton is a very plain, pleasant faced little lady, not so young looking as her husband, and esteeming him as the greatest man of the age—which is as it should be. Anna, his sister, is a tall, good looking girl, just out of boarding school, said to be possessed of very fine talents, and sharing Mrs. Tilton's faith as regards Theodore—which is also as it should be. They are a very happy, lively, intellectual family, always full of joyous little enterprises of one kind or another, and very popular socially."

THE Republican party has become a power in the Southern States. Every day the disposition of the white people to act longer with the democratic palpably diminishes. The Richmond *Whig*, edited by ex-Confederates, says:

"Recently there was no organized Republican party, in the extended sense of that term, in Virginia. Now there is, and it is a powerful and growing party, that has the countenance and confidence of Congress, and is in sympathy and affiliation with the dominant party of the North. Much of the best material in the State is co-operating with it. A large portion of the best intellect, as of the virtue of the State, is already pledged to this co-operation, and every day new accessions are made to it from the ranks of the solid people of Virginia."

The Abingdon *Virginian* says:

"The Democratic party ought to be disbanded, and never more named in the South. It ought to be disbanded everywhere."

These may be taken among the latest inclinations of the change that is going on.

THE Kansas City *Advertiser* of the 13th inst. says: We learned yesterday that the iron for the Fort Scott and Kansas City Railroad had been secured, and that the work of laying it would begin in the course of a month; also that the most of the heavy grading upon this road will be completed in sixty days between this and Paola, a distance of forty miles, so that when the work of laying the iron begins the light grading can be rapidly completed. We may not be surprised to hear of a pleasure trip being given by this road to Fort Scott on New Year's day, 1868.

SPEAKER COLFAX has received the petition of one hundred and seventy colored men, lately United States soldiers, residing in Kentucky, stating that the State laws deny them the right to testify in court, that they can not, therefore, obtain redress for murder and outrage, that colored men have been murdered in cold blood, and not having the right to testify the criminals go unpunished, and asking Congress to grant them the right of suffrage. The petitition will be laid before the house.

THE Somerset *Whig* makes the following good point: As the Connellsville Railroad has no more bitter enemy in the State than Judge Black, and he is laboring with all his energy to prevent the restoration of its charter, and as a *quo warranto* against the company is now pending before the Supreme Court of this State, the friends of the road can judge what its chances will be, if Sharswood—whose pure law Black indorses—is elected a Judge of that Court.

EX-CONFEDERATE Chieftain Jeff. Davis attended the Montreal Theater on Thursday night, on occasion of a performance for the benefit of the Southern Relief Fund. He was greeted with tremendous cheering, the band playing Dixie, and the audience rising in his honor.

BEREZOWSKI, the Pole, who tried to kill the Czar of Russia in Paris, has been tried and found "guilty, with extenuating circumstances," and has been sentenced to imprisonment at hard labor for life.

TOOMBS, the rebel, writes to a Democratic Committee, in Ohio: "I regret nothing in the past but the dead and the failure, and I am to-day ready to use the best means I can command to establish the principles for which I fought." This confession of faith no sooner gets into print than he becomes an applicant for Executive clemency; whereupon Mr. Johnson grants the pardon and restores him to full citizenship. Toombs now has full swing to do his best to establish the principles for which he fought.

Subscribe for the REPUBLICAN.

The Waynesburg Republican.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES OF THE MAILS TO AND FROM WAYNESBURG:

From Waynesburg to Waynesburg, arrival, Wednesdays, 7½ p. m.; departure, Wednesdays, 6, a. m.—(via Jollevtown.)

From Waynesburg to Willow Tree, arrival, Wednesdays, 11 a. m.; departure, Wednesdays, 12, m.

From Washington Pa. to Waynesburg, arrival daily, 7½ p. m.; (except Sundays,) departure daily, 11½ p. m., (except Sundays.)

From Rice's Landing to Waynesburg, arrival daily, 6, p. m., (except Sundays,) departure daily, 6, a. m., (except Sundays.)

From Waynesburg, Pa. to Cameron, W. Va., arrival, Tuesdays and Saturdays, 5, p. m., departure, Mondays and Fridays, 8, a. m.

From Waynesburg to West Alexander, Wash. Co., Pa., arrival, Fridays, 7, p. m., departure, Saturdays, 7, a. m.

From Waynesburg to Morgantown, W. Va., arrival, Wednesdays, 5, p. m., departure, Thursdays, 6, a. m.

From Waynesburg to Middlebourne, W. Va., arrival, Wednesdays, 5, p. m., departure, Tuesdays, 4, a. m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The attention of our readers is specially directed to the following advertisements, which appear for the first time in our paper to-day.

Card—Tinker & Mapel.
Quarterly Report—First National Bank.

BLACKBERRIES are in market.

Dutcher's Fly Paper, at Braden's Drug Store.

Pure White Lead and Linseed Oil, at G. W. Roberts & Co's.

THE Court House yard looks shabby, and the cupola of the building wants re-painting.

Boys' French Calf Boots selling at $5.00 at Halsted's.

The double bridge east of town is dangerous for crossing of animals. The flooring is worn through and needs replacing. Who will attend to it?

For the best Vinegar, go to G. W. Roberts & Co's. Drug Store.

CLEANLINESS of person and premises, and a sparing use of green trash, will insure a continuance of the present remarkable good health of our citizens; and nothing short of it.

REV. W. S. VANCLEVE, of this place, has accepted a call from the Presbyterian church at Frankfort Springs, Beaver county, and has entered upon the duties of his new call.

THE "whirr" of the reaping machine, the song of the scythe, the fragrance of new-mown hay, the merry whistle of the farmer boy, are borne on the breezes of these delightful July days.

"ALL SWING; AND PROMENADE!"—Last Saturday was beautiful, balmy and breezy, just such a day as any party of ladies and gentlemen would choose for an afternoon in the woods. With an eye to business a platform had been erected in the grove of Mr. Black, west of town during the week, and at the time stated the "young and festive," with a sprinkling of the "old and gay," of both sexes, collected there and with merry music, ringing laugh and nimble feet, dedicated the structure to the goddess Terpsichore. From almost high noon until Sol threw his rays aslant the hilltops the "dance went on."

"They reel'd, they set, they crossed, they cleekit."

Time passed quickly and joyously, without one unpleasant feature to mar the occasion—unless it was the smash of the "orchestral platform." We hope to spend many such hours worshipping at this shrine.

Mishler's Herb Bitters, for Dyspepsia, for sale at G. W. Roberts & Co's. Drug Store.

TWICE ROTTED.—The Cadiz, O., *Republican* says: A lawyer named Little, one of the attorneys of Fogler, who was executed for murder at Washington, Pennsylvania, some time since, recently applied for permission to practice in the Court of Jefferson county, in this State, and was refused because, in his confession, Fogler charged him with *unprofessional conduct* while defending him. The same was refused admission to the bar of Beaver County, for the reasons stated above. Verily, "the way of the transgressor is hard!"

Best Spanish Float and Bengal Indigo—warranted; for sale at G. W. Roberts & Co's. Drug Store.

EXPRESS ROBBERY.—This time, unfortunately, not of the Adams' Express but by the Adams' Express Co. Numerous complaints arise from the extortion practiced by this corporation, on the route between here and Pittsburg. Persons ordering goods from the East pay, in most cases, as much from Pittsburg to Waynesburg as they do from New York to Pittsburg, the tariff being doubled on all packages, *not prepaid*, at the latter named city. The only excuse we have for this is, that the want of competition on this end of the route permits them to act thus with impunity. Should their be delay, from the suspension of navigation, or any other cause, as was recently the case, the shipper is subject to another extortion by the agent at Brownsville, or wherever the goods are delayed, because the packages have to be *re-shipped and billed!* We are advised, that those who would not subject themselves to an extra charge should have their freight *prepaid*, this however is no palliation for double-charging a patronizing public merely because they have the opportunity to do so.

French Army Lotion, the best Liniment in use, at G. W. Roberts & Co.s. Drug Store.

WE have all heard of "crying nuisances" and they are nuisances generally, and particularly when they pertain to somebody else's household, but a worse, more unmitigated and inexcusable nuisance is the barking nuisance of a score or so of phist dogs, barking all night at the moon if there be one and if there be not, barking at their own noise from bed time till daylight. It can be readily abated by the use of strichnine and we will cheerfully respond to any reasonable tax upon our financial resources for the purchase and distribution of the drug.

The above, from an exchange, is particularly applicable to this place, and need we add that we endorse the prescription.

G. W. Roberts & Co's. Drug Store is the best place to buy Hall's Hair Renewer.

A full stock of Paints and Paint Brushes, at G. W. Roberts & Co's. Drug Store.

WHY FOLKS READ LOCALS.—An old "local," who ought to know all about things pertaining to this department, says the people read items of local interest for reasons as opposite as man and wife. A reads about a fight because he was there, and saw it; B, because he wasn't there and didn't; C, because he had heard about it; D, because he hadn't, while those who had a hand in it, want to know how much of truth concerning them the editor has deemed compatible in its utterance with a continuation of his own earthly career. The consciousness, too, that hundreds of others are simultaneously perusing the same article, and that it is therefore a subject of common thought and conversation, doubtless adds to the zest with which ordinary readers eagerly devour articles that otherwise would have but a dull perusal or no perusal at all.

BUSINESS COURTESY.—It is a misfortune that a great proportion of this world's people is made up of unsocial, boorish, ill-mannered individuals. Of all things conducive to welfare and success, courtesy in business will rank among the first. It is not hard to judge from the tone of a man's letters his exact nature and disposition, not less readily from those pertaining to business affairs, than those of a private caste. The plain, matter-of-fact man, addresses you in a straight-foward, respectful, and business-like manner. Even if crude and indicative of an unlettered nature it smacks of courtesy and you may set him down immediately as one whom you can depend upon. The knave over does the thing, he is profuse in "please" "you will greatly oblige" "yours most respectfully," etc. He will do in some instances, but in the majority of cases he tries to *stick* you. The presumptious chap, writes as if you was his inferior, generally beginning with and winding up in commandatory style. He is the pest of respectable business society and usually combines arrogance with ignorance. Such address editors as if they were dogs, without the slightest provocation, without the least sense of extenuation. He can't tell you respectfully that his paper fails to reach him, that you have erred in making out his account, that he wishes his paper discontinued, without a display of his rude, uncouth nature—charging you with what, in nine cases out of ten is his own carelessness or that of post-office officials. Seriously we think an expose as a warning would be beneficial to those who indulge in "lording it" over those so unfortunate as to be connected with them in business relationship.

Four Fold Liniment, at Braden's Drug Store.

BLUNDER.—When we have a real item furnished us such as a fire, fight or a foot-race, the voraciousness with which it is seized accounts for the "half-made up" style in which it is frequently given to the public. Last week the fire we noted occured at Rice's Landing.

Gents' and ladies Slippers, at Halsted's Boot and Shoe Store.

PIC-NIC.—We scented the news of a large and merry gathering of the youth and beauty of Greene near Newtown in Whitely tp., on Saturday last. They may have had a good time, usually do over in that region, but then no one knows it but themselves. Where's our reporter for that quarter?

For Hair Oils and Perfumery, go to G. W. Roberts & Co's Drug Store.

WHOOPING COUGH.—This vexatious malady prevails among the children of our neighborhood to an alarming extent. We have heard of no cases resulting fatally yet several are on the verge of death. Among the adults a case or two of cholera morbus or summer complaint makes up the sick list of our village.

Best Indigo, at Braden's Drug Store.

LOST.—On last Sunday evening on Main St., or the street leading to the College, a pearl sleeve button, large size, with a diamond shaped set on the top. Also, one day last week a plain, gold, breast-pin. The finder of either article will confer a favor and be compensated liberally if they are delivered at this office.

Ladies' Gaiters and fine Morocco Balmorals, at Halsted's Boot and Shoe Store.

NOTICE TO THE I. O. O. F.—On and after the 1st Saturday night in August J. F. Temple Lodge No. 574, I. O. O. F. will meet Semi-Monthly. Meeting regularly on the 1st and 3d Saturday night in each month.

JESSE BLAIR, N. G.
WM. ROBERTS, V. G.
7:38. JOHN CALL, Sec.

OLIVER OPTIC'S MAGAZINE, "Our Boys and Girls," for July 6th, which is the first number of the new volume, appears enlarged and improved. It contains a beautiful portrait of Oliver Optic, and the first two chapters of a new Story by him—entitled "Breaking Away, or the Fortunes of a Student;" a Story by Olive Logan; "Life in India," by a lady who was born and resided many years there; "Sea Things," by George S. Burleigh, the poet; "The Mysterious House;" a marked Declamation, and the usual variety of Rebusses, Enigmas, Charades, &c. This number comes with a beautiful cover, printed in color, and is elegantly illustrated. Published by LEE & SHEPARD, Boston, $2,50 a year, $1,25 for six months, single copies six cents. The publishers offer to send a copy free to any boy or girl who will write to them for it.

Todd's Pills, at Braden's Drug Store.

BEADLE & Co. have published *The Dime Standard Speaker*, containing a collection of extracts from distinguished American authors and orators in prose and verse; and *The Bold Eagle*, a romance of Revolutionary times, by Mrs. ELIZABETH OAKES SMITH. Send for copies. 118 William St. N. Y.

THE Uniontown *Genius of Liberty* has been purchased by James F. Campbell, formerly of the Johnstown *Democrat*, and recently foreman of the Pittsburgh *Post*, and F. S. Rock. The office sold for $5,650.

GREENE COUNTY is well represented in Baltimore in the person of H. L. Mapel, of the firm of Tinker & Mapel. He bears an enviable reputation here and no doubt his friends will be pleased to see his name in the above connection. See card.

THEFT.—On Thursday evening, July 16, 1867, a sneak thief made a raid on the corn crib of John C. Flenniken, and stole the pop corn which had been deposited there by the children, for use in winter. We would say to the scamp, the next time he wants corn to call on Mr. Flenniken, and there is no doubt but he will receive it without the violation of any commandment. He is known, and his future good conduct only, will prevent exposure.

SAD ACCIDENT.—We are informed that a child of the Widow Whetzel, or Whetzler, of Monongahela tp., was killed last week by the falling of a tree. It resulted, as we understand it, from a childish freak of the children in cutting down a small tree for fire wood, during the absence of the older members of the family. Having already lost her husband in the army, this second bereavement will fall heavily upon the mother.

HORSE DROWNED.—The Uniontown *Standard* of last week says John Barre, livery keeper in this place lost a valuable horse at Davidson's Ferry on the Monongahela river, on last Friday. The boat, it seems, was not fastened to the shore, and the ferryman being on the other side of the river, the driver, the bank being steep, let his horses run on to the boat, which shot out from the shore, plunging horses, driver and all into the river. The driver saved himself by jumping into another boat lying near, and one of the horses saved himself, drawing both the carriage and the dead horse attached.

UNION SCHOOL.—The summer session of the Union School will close Friday, July the 26th. The "Friendship" Literary Society, connected with the Fourth Department, will have a few Dialogues, Periodical, &c., and a few classes will be heard publicly. Parents, Directors and all interested in Education are invited to attend at 2 o'clock P. M.

J. JACKSON PURMAN, Principal.

BROKEN INTO.—One night recently, the shoe shop of Boler & Rinehart in the basement of the Hamilton House, was broken into by some person or persons entering the window. As nothing was taken, and the door between them and the barber shop ajar, it is supposed some fellow was "sober but dry." Since the license lock "Tom" has been kindly furnishing the "old regulars" with a "drop of the crathur" now and then, and this is the reward he gets. Shame on you for ingratitude!

[Reported for the Republican by B. F. Flenniken.]

PROCEEDINGS OF THE TOWN COUNCIL.—Burgess Office, July 6, 1867.

Council met in accordance with previous adjournment. Present, W. E. Gapen, Burgess; Councilmen, Berryhill, Munnell, Rogers, Morris.

On motion, of Munnell, the Secretary was instructed to make out a duplicate immediately, according to order of former Council.

On motion, orders to the amount of $50 were issued to James Parker for building bridge on Washington street.

Simon Rinehart was again notified to appear before the Council and make an exhibit for the duplicate placed in his hands for collection, in 1863. A similar notice was served on Perry A. Bayard, former collector.

On motion, resolved, That the clerks at the late election receive no pay for their services. Council adjourned to meet on Monday evening, July 15, 1867.

July 15, 1867.

Council met in the Burgess Office, Present, W. E. Gapen, Burgess; Councilmen, Munnell, Berryhill and Rogers.

On motion of Berryhill, it was resolved, That Joseph Taylor, former collector of tax, be notified to pay over the funds in his hands and close his duplicate, on or before the 1st Monday of September, 1867, to John Munnell, Treasurer. And a similar notice was served on Perry A. Bayard, to close his duplicate on or before September 2, 1867. And J. Jackson Purman, former collector was notified to appear before the Council on Monday evening, August 5, 1867, to make an exhibit of the duplicate placed in his hands for collection. On motion, Wm Scott & Co. be specfully requested to remove their salt from the corner of High and Franklin streets, or fence the same, on account of its being made almost impassible by the congregation of cows, and Mr. Dawson Adams was requested to remove his old stable, made partly of brick, on account of its being dangerous to the travelers passing along said street.

There being no further business before the Council, it adjourned to meet on Monday evening, August 5, 1867.

W. E. GAPEN, Burgess.
B. F. FLENNIKEN, Sec'y.

Married.

ACKLEY—LAWRENCE—On the 6th of June, 1867, by Rev. Alex. W. White, Richard Ackley, of Greene Co., and Barbary Lawrence, of Washington Co., Pa.

Died.

HERRINGTON—On Tuesday of last week in Franklin tp., "Charlie," infant son of Capt. Benj. and Margeret A. Herrington, from inflamation of the brain. Aged 14 months and 1 day.

ADAMS—On Monday last, of Whooping Cough, "Jennie," oldest child of V. B. and Elizabeth Adams.

Markets.

WAYNESBURG MARKET.

WAYNESBURG, July 24, 1867.

Corrected Weekly for the REPUBLICAN.

PRODUCE.

Butter (fresh roll,) ₱ lb	15
Eggs ₱ doz	12@
Potatoes ₱ bush	2 00@2 25
Lard ₱ lb	10
Tallow ₱ lb	05
Country Soap ₱ lb	08
Dried Peaches ₱ lb	10

FLOUR AND GRAIN.

Flour ₱ bbl	$13@15
Wheat ₱ bush	2 50
Rye ₱ bush	1 00
Corn ₱ bush	80
Corn Meal ₱ bush	90

GROCERIES.

Coffee ₱ lb	30@33
Tea ₱ lb	2 00
Brown Sugar ₱ lb	15
Refined Sugar ₱ lb	20
Syrup ₱ gal	1 00
Molasses (N. Orleans,)	1 20
Sorghum ₱ gal	1 00
Salt ₱ bbl	3 40
Rice ₱ lb	15

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

SATURDAY, July 20, 1867.

The most important feature of the week has been an arrival of new Flour, and several lots of new Wheat have been purchased for future delivery, and one small lot of the latter arrived on Friday from Westmoreland county. Next week, it is thought, that new Wheat will commence to come in from the adjoining counties pretty freely, and a week or so later we may look for new crop Barley, Oats and Rye.

GRAIN AND FLOUR.

Rye ₱ bush	$ 1 25
Oats ₱ bush	78@80
Corn ₱ bush	90
Spring Wheat	11 50@12 50
Winter Wheat	13 00@14 00

PROVISIONS.

Shoulders	12½@13
Sugar Cured Hams	21½@22
Lard	12½
Potatoes, (new crop) ₱ bbl	4 50
do (old crop) ₱ bush	1 00
Green Apples ₱ bbl	5 00@6 00
Cheese	16
Eggs ₱ doz	22
Butter	16@17

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, July 20, 1867.

FLOUR—In moderate demand.
WHEAT—Firm; sales of No. 1 at $2 35; No. 2, $1 98@2 05.
CORN—Closed firm at 85c for No. 1; 80½@80¾c for No. 2.
OATS—Firm, and 1@1½c higher, at 64@65c for No. 2.
RYE—Firm and quiet at $1 25 for No. 1.
BARLEY—Dull and nominal.
PROVISIONS—Active; Mess pork, $22 75@23.
LARD—Quiet at 12¾c.
BEEF CATTLE—Dull at $6 50@7 50 for fair to good shipping.
HOGS—Quiet and 5@10c lower, at $6 70@7 00 for common to good smooth.

WOOL MARKET.

If there is much doing in this trade it is kept very silent. Our exchanges have scarcely anything to say. The New York "Tribune" for Saturday says: "The business in domestic fleeces is limited; most holders are more anxious to realize, but buyers do not come forward in view of the liberal arrivals of New Clip, and the continued depression in the Goods market."

The buyers here seem to be active, and we note considerable quantities in store and being shipped. The farmers, however, are too busy at present to trade, not caring either to sell at the rate current. Prices are nominal.

A WESTERN editor calls Greeley "Jeff Davis' Pain Killer."

THE receipts of internal revenue for the week were $3,230,367.

A FIRE in Quebec Saturday destroyed 20 houses.

REGISTRATION has closed in Nashville. Six thousand voters were registeren, of whom but 1,600 were white.

Special Notices.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract

BUCHU

Is a certain cure for diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, GENERAL DEBILITY, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE, from whatever cause originating and no matter of HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic.

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our Flesh and Blood are supported from these sources, and the HEALTH AND HAPPINESS, and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, Established upwards of 18 years, prepared by H. T. HELMBOLD, 594 Broadway, New York, and 104 South 10th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

3;13eow-1y.

Prepared Oil of Palm and Mace, for Preserving, Restoring and Beautifying the Hair.—And is the most delightful and wonderful article the world ever produced.

Ladies will find it not only a certain remedy to restore, Darken and Beautify the Hair, but also a desirable article for the Toilet, as it is highly perfumed with a rich and delicate perfume, independent of the fragrant odor of the Oils of Palm and Mace.

THE MARVEL OF PERU.—A new and beautiful perfume, which in delicacy of scent, and the tenacity with which it clings to the handkerchief and person, is unequalled.

The above articles for sale by all Druggists and Perfumers, at $1 per bottle each. Sent by express to any address by proprietors.

T. W. WRIGHT & CO.,
10;21;'66-1y. 160 Liberty St., New York.

For Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, irritation, inflammation, or ulceration of the bladder, or kidneys, diseases of the prostrate glands, stone in the bladder, calculus, gravel or brick dust deposits and all diseases of the bladder, kidneys and dropsical swellings.

USE HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.
3;11,'67-eowly

Dr. Whittlesy takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous friend and patrons that he has returned to Washington and resumed practice at his old stand, corner of Main and Chestnut streets, where he can be found at all times by those wishing to consult him in regard to diseases and their treatment. The Dr. deems it unnecessary to enter into the details of his theory and practice, as from hundreds of cases which he has treated with complete success in Washington and adjoining counties, the public are more or less acquainted with his system. He would, however, say that during his residence in Cincinnatti he had experience in hospital practice, making weekly visits to the principal hospitals of the city, coming in contact with chronic diseases of every type and kind, and having ample opportunity to witness the effect of the most approved and scientific modes of treatment, the Doctor has also added to his office a very fine Microscope, which enables him to make Optical, Chemical, and Microscopical examinations of any case that may be presented, in short, to reduce medical Diagnosis by means of the urine to absolute certainty, leaving no room for doubt, either on his part, or that of the patient. The afflicted are invited to call and test his treatment with the assurance of speedy relief and permanent cure.

7;3-tf F. WHITTLESY.

Helmbold's Concentrated Extract BUCHU, Is the Great Diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,

Is the Great Blood Purifier.

Both are prepared according to rules of Pharmacy and Chemistry, and are the most active that can be made. 3;13eow-1y.

Manhood and Youthful Vigor are regained by Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

3;13eow-1y.

To my Friends and Patrons.—I have, as many of you are aware, sold my Dental practice to Dr. J. S. Hertle. He has been engaged in the practice of Dentistry for seven years, the latter half of which time I have been acquainted with him and his professional career, and know him to be an honorable, upright, energetic man; as well as one of the most careful and successful operators I have ever known. I can conscientiously recommend him to all my patrons, feeling assured that he will render the very best satisfaction to all. I must now say farewell to all my friends and pleasant acquaintances. I go to seek another home, expecting to see but few of you again in the present state, but cherishing a fond hope to meet you all in the land of the just. With every good wish believe me truly yours,

6;13-3m S. S. PATTON.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu gives health and vigor to the frame and bloom to the pallid cheek. Debility is accompanied by many alarming symptoms, and if no treatment is submitted to, consumption, insanity or epileptic fits ensue. 3;13,'67-eowly.

The Glory of Man is Strength.—Therefore the nervous and debilitated should immediately use Helmbold's Extract Buchu. 3;13,'67-eowly

Errors of Youth.—A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, and receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN OGDEN,
6;5-1y 42 Cedar St., New York.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash cures secret and delicate disorders in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties. 3;13eow-1y.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu is pleasant in taste and odor, free from all injurious properties, and immediate in its action. 3;13eow-1y

To Consumptives.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
6;5-1y Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. Y.

Take no more unpleasant and unuseful remedies for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu and improved Rose wash. 3;13,'67-eowly.

Colgate & Co's.

COLGATE & CO. NEW YORK

GERMAN

ERASIVE SOAP

is manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be considered the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Groceries. 6;5-1y.

Shattered Constitutions Restored by Helmbold's Extract Buchu. 3;13,'67-eowly.

The Healing Pool, and House of Mercy.—Howard Association Reports for Young Men, on the crime of solitude, and the errors, abuses and diseases which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to marriage, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. 6;5-1y

New Advertisements.

WM. BISGHAM, JR., 54 *Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, is the authorized agent for the* REPUBLICAN, *in that city.*

E. A. TINKER.....H. L. MAPEL.

TINKER & MAPEL,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FOR THE SALE OF

HOGS, CATTLE AND SHEEP,

AT THEIR OWN YARDS,

WEST BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

ADJOINING MD. LIVE STOCK SCALES.

Consignments respectfully solicited. All communications promptly answered. Post Office Address—Box 1500. 7;24-1y.

QUARTERLY REPORT.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, WAYNESBURG, PA., July 1, 1867.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$166,745 08
Furniture Fixtures	120 00
Current Expenses	42 38
Cash Items	5869 41
Due from Banks and Bankers	1,826 82
U. S. Bonds	85,150 00
Cash on Hand	19,617 83
	$279,367 53

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$100,000 00
Deposits for Increase	41,289 00
Surplus Fund	3,847 12
Circulation	71,680 00
Due Banks	22,336 61
Profit and Loss	471 46
Dividend Unpaid	982 28
Individual Deposits	37[illegible],41 08
	$279,367 53

I certify that the above is correct.
JOHN C. FLENNIKEN,
7;24-1t. Cashier.

Bounty Fund.

BOUNTY TAX STATEMENT.

An account of the School Directors of Greene township in relation to bounty Taxes levied in the Spring of 1864.

DR.	
March 1864, to tax levied	$2187 44
CR.	
Exonerations	$ 30 05
Collector's commission	42 74
Receipts from C. Garard, Treas'r	1528 52
Money refunded on subscription	514 94
DR.	
October 1864, to tax levied	8495 55
CR.	
Exonerations	141 16
Collector's commission	109 63
Receipts	3157 65
DR.	
July 1865, to tax levied	5745 62
CR.	
Exoneration	267 84
Collector's commission	34 51
do do	109 66
Receipts	5309 61
Expenses to Brighton	47 10
do to Harrisburg	95 14
DR.	
July 9th, 1866, to taxes levied	623 20
CR.	
Exonerations	20 16
Collector's commission	24 12
Receipts	570 08 $12,051 91
Receipts	25 00—12,089 22
Balance due township	2 69

We, the undersigned auditors, do hereby certify the foregoing statement is correct, according to the accounts laid before us for settlement, to the best of our knowledge.

JOHN RUSE,
JACOB REAMER,
7;3-3w Auditors.

BOUNTY TAX REPORT.

From Dunkard township, for the year 1864, John Davis collector.

DR.	
To amount of duplicate	$8988 00
CR.	
By amount of bonds redeemed	$1497 45
Paid P. & D. Bank of Waynesburg	5113 05
Percentage for collecting and paying out	153 74
Exonerations	132 48
Paid George Keener,	30 00
Paid E. Furman	66 00
Paid by order of School Directors of 1864, to Wm. Williams	31 00
Balance remaining in the hands of Collector Davis	1036 28
Amount in hands of A. P. Stewart, disburser of said fund	29 05—8988 00

We, the undersigned auditors, certify that the above statement is correct, according to the information given us by the School Directors and and Treasurer of said Bounty tax.

G. W. EURLY,
W. N. EVANS,
E. FURMAN,
6;26-3w Auditors.

Miscellaneous.

THE MONONGAHELA HOUSE,

RICE'S LANDING, GREENE COUNTY, PA.,

OLIVER & BAYARD, PROPRIETORS,

The best accommodations furnished the travelling public. House and appurtenances complete. Table always spread bountifully with the delicacies of the season. Horses for hire; feed and stabling at reasonable rates. 6;26-tf.

PLASTIC SLATE

FOR

ROOFING

AND OTHER PURPOSES.

As a Roofing Material it stands unrivalled. A mastic—it adapts itself to every shape and slope. Non-combustible, impervious, non-expansive, and undecaying.

FROST DOES NOT CRACK NOR HEAT DISSOLVE IT.

The only roofing material ever discovered that will resist the action of the elements as long as the structure it protects. Being susceptible of little, if not any wear from exposure, and perfectly FIRE-PROOF. It is unequalled as a coating for Manufacturing and Farm Buildings, fences, bridges, bottoms of Vessels, Vaults, &c.

References given in any part of the county, or specimens shown to visitors. Apply by letter, or in person to

R. L. JONES, BENTLEYSVILLE, WASH. Co., PA.
S. H. DOAK, R. L. JONES,
Licensees of Wash. and Greene counties.
I. W. JONES, AGENT,
4;24-1f. Waynesburg, Pa.

NOTICE TO THE TAX PAYERS OF GREENE COUNTY.

The undersigned, Treasurer of Greene county, hereby gives notice that in pursuance of the Act of Assembly, approved March 8, 1855, he will attend in the several townships and boroughs at the times and places designated, between the hours of nine o'clock, a. m., and five o'clock, p. m., to receive the State and County Taxes for 1867, to wit:

4TH WEEK.

Morris township, Monday, the 15th of July, at Nineveh, at the house of A. J Barker.

Centre township, Tuesday, the 16th of July, at the house of R. B. Church, Rogersville.

Jackson township, Wednesday, the 17th of July, at the house of T. J. Odenbaugh.

Marion township Tuesday, the 18th of July, at the Treasurer's Office, in Waynesburg.

5;22-tld THOS. IAMES, Treas.

RICHHILL AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

At a regular meeting of the Stockholders of the above named Society it was resolved that the Society hold their 2nd Annual Exhibition at their fair grounds, in Richhill tp., Greene county, Pa., on Wednesday and Thursday, September the 25th and 26th, 1867. D. W. WALTON, Pres't.

A. ROSS, Rec. Sec. S. KNIGHT, Cor. Sec.
7;3-3w

THE GREENE COUNTY AGRICULTURAL AND MANUFACTURING SOCIETY will hold their 15th Annual Exhibition at the fair grounds, in Carmichaels, on Thursday and Friday, the 10th and 11th days of October, 1867. It is expected that a superior list of premiums will be offered. H. H. CREE, Pres't.

S. J. ACKLIN, C. Sec. G. W. DAUGHERTY, R. S.
WM. HARTMAN, Treasurer.
7;17-3w.

ROBERT DOUGHERTY,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER, WAYNESBURG, PA.

Respectfully gives notice that he has located in Waynesburg, Pa., where he intends to manufacture

CARRIAGES

Of every description. From his experience in the business he feels confident that his work, in style, finish and durability, will give entire satisfaction. It is his determination to purchase the best material in market, and employ none but competent workmen.

All work warranted for one year. 22;'66-tf.

Dry Goods.

FRANK, McGURGAN,

JUST RETURNED FROM

THE EASTERN CITIES,

WITH

A LARGE STOCK OF DRY GOGDS, CLOTHING, NOTIONS, &c., &c.

His well merited popularity has induced him to replenish his stock at this late date. So any one wanting the

LATEST AND BEST STYLES,

should call early. Room in Minor's Building, opposite the Greene House. 4;17-tf '67.

GUTHER!

GUTHER AGAINST THE WORLD!

ANOTHER HUGE ARRIVAL!

Determined to be foremost in everything, Guther has just received the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS

Ever brought to Waynesburg.

Go to Guther's,
Go to Guther's,
Go to Guther's.

If you want
If you want
If you want

Cheap Goods ! !
Cheap Goods ! !
Cheap Goods ! !

7;17-tf.

THE RUSH IS NOW AT

SLATER ODENBAUGH'S

DRUG STORE!

He respectfully informs the citizens and physicians generally, that he has received the largest and finest stock of

DRUGS AND MEDICINES

ever offered in this market, which he will

SELL CHEAPER

than can be purchased anywhere else in the county.

PAINTS OF ALL KINDS!

Dry and in oil, of the very best quality, cheaper than the cheapest.

DYE STUFFS,

of the very finest selection.

OLD LIQUORS!

of all kinds, the finest that can be procured in the State. The

UNYIELDING LUNG SYRUP!

A remedy unsurpassed for the cure of bleeding of the lungs, spitting of blood, soreness of the breast and chest. Will change the frail yellow complexion to one of health, and will cure dyspepsia. This syrup is one of the most useful medicines of the day. This is a late medicine and we do not know of it failing in a single case—try it.

Also, all other prominent patent medicines always on hand. Together with the Cough Exterminator, the best in use for diseases of the throat, coughs, &c.

Also, a syrup the only remedy for hooping cough, all for sale at S. Odenbaugh's Drug Store. 6;19-3m.

Enfeebled and delicate constitutions of both sexes use Helmbold's Extract Buchu. It will give brisk and energetic feelings, and enable you to sleep well. 3;13eowly

Clothing.

WONDERS NEVER CEASE!

AT THE

CLOTHING STORE

OF

N. CLARK & SON,

It is no longer impossible to get a full suit for $7 50, of good material, that we will warrant to give entire satisfaction. Light Cassimere Pants and Vest, for $4 50, fine and nice style; Summer Pants and Vest for $3 50, the very best all wool

CASSIMERE SUITS!

from 20 to 25 dollars; the same that has cost you 45 dollars. A large and beautiful stock of

HATS AND CAPS!

The newest and best styles, the more elegant are the Henrietta, St. Cloud, Yacht, Broadway and

PEABODY CAP!

The cap deriving its name from

ENGLAND AND AMERICA'S

Munificent benefactor—MR. GEO. PEABODY. Every American youth who loves her greatest Benefactor should not fail to have one of those CAPS. A full and complete assortment of Gentlemen's furnishing goods. We have the New York Mill and Wamsutta Muslin Shirts; two of the best brands of muslin manufactured.

THE CELEBRATED ENGLISH RUFFLE SHIRT.

Wool and Cassimere Shirts, Fine Corset Jean Drawers and Summer Undershirts, Linen Handkerchiefs, Gloves and Hosiery, with ties, bows and scarfs, in endless variety. The Eugene, Victoria, and Isabella Bow, the very newest, the Zephyr Scarf, 7000 Paper Collars, of all styles, Ward's Shakespeare, Linen Imitation, Water Proof, Embroidered, Keystone, Goldsmith's Phœnix, Grays, &c., &c.

A few late styles cassimeres that will be sold by the yard. We kindly ask you to compare prices before buying. 6;22-'67-1y

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN!

FELLOW CITIZENS!

MR. PRESIDENT,

OR ANY OTHER MAN!

We have just received a splendid stock of

SPRING

AND

SUMMER CLOTHING!

ADAPTED TO MEN AND BOYS WEAR; ALSO, A FULL LINE OF

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Which we will sell at the lowest rates. Call and examine our stock. Prices are down and if we can't sell a man the clothing he wants NOBODY IN WAYNESBURG CAN. A. J. SOWERS.
Room in Allison's Building, Waynesburg Pa.
6;1-3m.

Business Cards.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

OF WAYNESBURG

DISCOUNT DAY.....TUESDAYS.
D. BONER, Pres't. J. C. FLENNIKEN, Cashier.
May 10; '66-1y.

LEWIS DAY,

DEALER IN BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

Wall Paper, Window Paper, &c. Sunday School Books of all kinds constantly on hand, room in Mrs. Rush's building, formerly occupied by Cottrell & Taylor, Waynesburg, Pa.
May 9, '66-1y.

WM. BAILEY,

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE,

Keeps on hands always a choice and select assortment of Watches and Jewelry. Repairing done at the lowest rates. 4;17-'67-1y.

WM. T. WEBB, JR.,

SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKER,

(IN WILSON'S BUILDING, MAIN ST.)

Saddles, Bridles, Harness kept on hand and made to order. Work done in the best style, and at reasonable rates.

☞ Repairing a speciality on short notice. Farmer friends go look at his stock. 4;24-1y.

E. M. SAYERS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

In addition to other business will attend to all cases in Bankruptcy that may be entrusted to his care. Office, opposite Drug Store of G. W. Roberts & Co.

MARBLE WORKS,

SUMMERSGILL & BRO.

(JEWELL'S OLD STAND, UPPER END OF TOWN.)

The public are respectfully informed that Summersgill & Bro. have just received a large stock of all kinds of

MARBLE WORK!

Such as Grave Stones, Monuments, Mantle Work, &c. We are prepared to furnish work

The Waynesburg Republican.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES OF THE MAILS TO AND FROM WAYNESBURG:

From Waynesburg to Waynesburg, arrival, Wednesdays, 7½ p. m.; departure, Wednesdays, 6, a. m.—[via Jollytown.]

From Waynesburg to Willow Tree, arrival, Wednesdays, 11 a. m.; departure, Wednesdays, 12 m.

From Washington Pa. to Waynesburg, arrival daily, 7½ p. m.; (except Sundays,) departure daily, 11½ p. m., (except Sundays).

From Rice's Landing to Waynesburg, arrival daily, 6, p. m., (except Sundays,) departure daily, 6, a. m., (except Sundays).

From Waynesburg, Pa. to Cameron, W. Va., arrival, Tuesdays and Saturdays, 5, p. m., departure, Mondays and Fridays, 8, a. m.

From Waynesburg to West Alexander, Wash. Co., Pa., arrival, Fridays, 7, p. m., departure, Saturdays, 7, a. m.

From Waynesburg to Morgantown, W. Va., arrival, Wednesdays, 5, p. m., departure, Thursdays, 6, a. m.

From Waynesburg to Middlebourne, W. Va., arrival, Wednesdays, 5, p. m., departure, Tuesdays, 4, a. m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The attention of our readers is specially directed to the following advertisements, which appear for the first time in our paper to-day.

Card—Tinker & Mapel.
Quarterly Report—First National Bank.

BLACKBERRIES are in market.

Dutcher's Fly Paper, at Braden's Drug Store.

Pure White Lead and Linseed Oil, at G. W. Roberts & Co's.

THE Court House yard looks shabby, and the cupola of the building wants re-painting.

Boys' French Calf Boots selling at $5.00 at Halsted's.

The double bridge east of town is dangerous for crossing of animals. The flooring is worn through and needs replacing. Who will attend to it?

For the best Vinegar, go to G. W. Roberts & Co's. Drug Store.

CLEANLINESS of person and premises, and a sparing use of green trash, will insure a continuance of the present remarkable good health of our citizens; and nothing short of it.

REV. W. S. VANCLEVE, of this place, has accepted a call from the Presbyterian church at Frankfort Springs, Beaver county, and has entered upon the duties of his new call.

THE "whirr" of the reaping machine, the song of the scythe, the fragrance of new-mown hay, the merry whistle of the farmer boy, are borne on the breezes of these delightful July days.

"ALL SWING; AND PROMENADE!"—Last Saturday was beautiful, balmy and breezy, just such a day as any party of ladies and gentlemen would choose for an afternoon in the woods. With an eye to business a platform had been erected in the grove of Mr. Black, west of town during the week, and at the time stated the "young and festive," with a sprinkling of the "old and gay," of both sexes, collected there and with merry music ringing laugh and nimble feet, dedicated the structure to the goddess Terpsichore. From almost high noon until Sol threw his rays aslant the hilltops the "dance went on."

"They reel'd, they set, they crossed, they cleekit."

Time passed quickly and joyously, without one unpleasant feature to mar the occasion—unless it was the smash of the "orchestral platform." We hope to spend many such hours worshipping at this shrine.

Mishler's Herb Bitters, for Dyspepsia, for sale at G. W. Roberts & Co's. Drug Store.

TWICE ROUTED.—The Cadiz, O., *Republican* says: A lawyer named Little, one of the attorneys of Fegler, who was executed for murder at Washington, Pennsylvania, some time since, recently applied for permission to practice in the Court of Jefferson county, in this State, and was refused because, in his confession, Fegler charged him with *unprofessional conduct* while defending him. The same was refused admission to the bar of Beaver County, for the reasons stated above. Verily, "the way of the transgressor is hard!"

Best Spanish Float and Bengal Indigo—warranted; for sale at G. W. Roberts & Co's. Drug Store.

EXPRESS ROBBERY.—This time, unfortunately not of the Adams' Express but by the Adams' Express Co. Numerous complaints arise from the extortion practiced by this corporation, on the route between here and Pittsburg. Persons ordering goods from the East pay, in most cases, as much from Pittsburg to Waynesburg as they do from New York to Pittsburg, the tariff being doubled on all packages, *not prepaid*, at the latter named city. The only excuse we have for this is, that the want of competition on this end of the route permits them to act thus with impunity. Should their be delay, from the suspension of navigation, or any other cause, as was recently the case, the shipper is subject to another extortion by the agent at Brownsville, or wherever the goods are delayed, because the packages have to be *re-shipped and billed!* We are advised, that those who would not subject themselves to an extra charge should have their freight *prepaid*, this however is no palliation for double-charging a patronizing public merely because they have the opportunity to do so.

French Army Lotion, the best Liniment in use, at G. W. Roberts & Co.s. Drug Store.

WE have all heard of "crying nuisances" and they are nuisances generally, and particularly when they pertain to somebody else's household, but a worse, more unmitigated and inexcusable nuisance is the barking nuisance of a score or so of phist dogs, barking all night at the moon if there be one and if there be not, barking at their own noise from bed time till daylight. It can be readily abated by the use of strichnine and we will cheerfully respond to any reasonable tax upon our financial resources for the purchase and distribution of the drug.

The above, from an exchange, is particularly applicable to this place, and need we add that we endorse the prescription.

G. W. Roberts & Co's. Drug Store is the best place to buy Hall's Hair Renewer.

A full stock of Paints and Paint Brushes, at G. W. Roberts & Co's. Drug Store.

WHY FOLKS READ LOCALS.—An old "local," who ought to know all about things pertaining to this department, says the people read items of local interest for reasons as opposite as man and wife. As reads about a fight because he was there, and saw it; B, because he wasn't there and didn't; C, because he had heard about it; D, because he hadn't, while those who had a hand in it, want to know how much of truth concerning them the editor has deemed compatible in its utterance with a continuation of his own earthly career. The consciousness, too, that hundreds of others are simultaneously perusing the same article, and that it is therefore a subject of common thought and conversation, doubtless adds to the zest with which ordinary readers eagerly devour articles that otherwise would have but a dull perusal or no perusal at all.

BUSINESS COURTESY—It is a misfortune that a great proportion of this world's people is made up of unsocial, boorish, ill-mannered individuals. Of all things conducive to welfare and success, courtesy in business will rank among the first. It is not hard to judge from the tone of a man's letters his exact nature and disposition, not less readily from those pertaining to business affairs, than those of a private caste. The plain, matter-of-fact man, addresses you in a straight-foward, respectful, and business-like manner. Even if crude and indicative of an unlettered nature it smacks of courtesy and you may set him down immediately as one whom you can depend upon. The knave over does the thing, he is profuse in "please" "you will greatly oblige" "yours most respectfully," etc. He will do in some instances, but in the majority of cases he tries to *stick* you. The presumptious chap, writes as if you was his inferior, generally beginning with and winding up in commandatory style. He is the pest of respectable business society and usually combines arrogance with ignorance. Such address editors as if they were dogs, without the slightest provocation, without the least sense of extenuation. He can't tell you respectfully that his paper fails to reach him, that you have erred in making out his account, that he wishes his paper discontinued, without a display of his rude, uncouth nature—charging you with what, in nine cases out of ten is his own carelessness or that of post-office officials. Seriously we think an expose as a warning would be beneficial to those who indulge in "lording it" over those so unfortunate as to be connected with them in business relationship.

Four Fold Liniment, at Braden's Drug Store.

BLUNDER.—When we have a real item furnished us such as a fire, fight or a foot-race, the voraciousness with which it is seized accounts for the "half made up" style in which it is frequently given to the public. Last week the fire we noted occured at Rice's Landing.

Gents' and ladies Slippers, at Halsted's Boot and Shoe Store.

PIC NIC.—We scented the news of a large and merry gathering of the youth and beauty of Greene near Newtown in Whitely tp., on Saturday last. They may have had a good time, usually do over in that region, but then no one knows it but themselves. Where's our reporter for that quarter?

For Hair Oils and Perfumery, go to G. W. Roberts & Co's Drug Store.

WHOOPING COUGH.—This vexatious malady prevails among the children of our neighborhood to an alarming extent. We have heard of no cases resulting fatally yet several are on the verge of death. Among the adults a case or two of cholera morbus or summer complaint makes up the sick list of our village.

Best Indigo, at Braden's Drug Store.

LOST.—On last Sunday evening on Main St., or the street leading to the College, a pearl sleeve button, large size, with a diamond shaped set on the top. Also, one day last week a plain, gold, breast-pin. The finder of either article will confer a favor and be compensated liberally if they are delivered at this office.

Ladies' Gaiters and fine Morocco Balmorals, at Halsted's Boot and Shoe Store.

NOTICE TO THE I. O. O. F.—On and after the 1st Saturday night in August J. F. Temple Lodge No. 574, I. O. O. F. will meet Semi-Monthly. Meeting regularly on the 1st and 3d Saturday night in each month.

JESSE BEATH, N. G.
WM. ROBERTS, V. G.
7:31. JOHN CALL, Sec.

OLIVER OPTIC'S MAGAZINE, "Our Boys and Girls," for July 6th, which is the first number of the new volume, appears enlarged and improved. It contains a beautiful portrait of Oliver Optic, and the first two chapters of a new Story by him—entitled "Breaking Away, or the Fortunes of a Student;" a Story by Olive Logan; "Life in India," by a lady who was born and resided many years there; "Sea Things," by George S. Burleigh, the poet; "The Mysterious House;" a marked Declamation, and the usual variety of Rebusses, Enigmas, Charades, &c. This number comes with a beautiful cover, printed in color, and is elegantly illustrated. Published by LEE & SHEPARD, Boston, $2.50 a year, $1,25 for six months, single copies six cents. The publishers offer to send a copy free to any boy or girl who will write to them for it.

Todd's Pills, at Braden's Drug Store.

BEADLE & Co. have published *The Dime Standard Speaker*, containing a collection of extracts from distinguished American authors and orators in prose and verse; and *The Bold Eagle*, a romance of Revolutionary times, by Mrs. ELIZABETH OAKES SMITH. Send for copies. 118 William St. N. Y.

THE Uniontown *Genius of Liberty* has been purchased by James F. Campbell, formerly of the Johnstown *Democrat*, and recently foreman of the Pittsburgh *Post*, and F. S. Rock. The office sold for $5,650.

GREENE COUNTY is well represented in Baltimore in the person of H. L. Mapel, of the firm of Tinker & Mapel. He bears an enviable reputation here and no doubt his friends will be pleased to see his name in the above connection. See card.

THEFT.—On Thursday evening, July 16, 1867, a sneak thief made a raid on the corn crib of John C. Flenniken, and stole the pop corn which had been deposited there by the children, for use in winter. We would say to the scamp, the next time he wants corn to call on Mr. Flenniken, and there is no doubt but he will receive it without the violation of any commandment. He is known, and his future good conduct only, will prevent exposure.

SAD ACCIDENT.—We are informed that a child of the Widow Whetzel, or Whetzler, of Monongahela tp., was killed last week by the falling of a tree. It resulted, as we understand it, from a childish freak of the children in cutting down a small tree for fire wood, during the absence of the older members of the family. Having already lost her husband in the army, this second bereavement will fall heavily upon the mother.

HORSE DROWNED.—The Uniontown *Standard* of last week says John Barre, livery keeper in this place lost a valuable horse at Davidson's Ferry on the Monongahela river, on last Friday. The boat, it seems, was not fastened to the shore, and the ferryman being on the other side of the river, the driver, the bank being steep, let his horses run on to the boat, which shot out from the shore, plunging horses, driver and all into the river. The driver saved himself by jumping into another boat lying near, and one of the horses saved himself, drawing both the carriage and the dead horse attached.

UNION SCHOOL.—The summer session of the Union School will close Friday, July the 26th. The "Friendship" Literary Society, connected with the Fourth Department, will have a few Dialogues, Periodical, &c., and a few classes will be heard publicly. Parents, Directors and all interested in Education are invited to attend at 2 o'clock P. M.

J. JACKSON PURMAN, Principal.

BROKEN INTO.—One night recently, the shoe shop of Boier & Rinehart in the basement of the Hamilton House, was broken into by some person or persons entering the window. As nothing was taken, and the door between them and the barber shop ajar, it is supposed some fellow was "sober but dry." Since the license lock "Tom" has been kindly furnishing the "old regulars" with a "drop of the crathur" now and then, and this is the reward he gets. Shame on you for ingratitude!

[Reported for the Republican by B. F. Flenniken.]

PROCEEDINGS OF THE TOWN COUNCIL.—Burgess Office, July 6, 1867.

Council met in accordance with previous adjournment. Present, W. E. Gapen Burgess; Councilmen, Berryhill, Munnell, Rogers, Morris.

On motion, of Munnell, the Secretary was instructed to make out a duplicate immediately, according to order of former Council.

On motion, orders to the amount of $50 were issued to James Parker for building bridge on Washington street.

Simon Rinehart was again notified to appear before the Council and make an exhibit lof the duplicate placed in his hands for collection, in 1863. A similar notice was served on Perry A. Bayard, former collector.

On motion, resolved, That the clerks at the late election receive no pay for their services. Council adjourned to meet on Monday evening, July 15, 1867.

July 15, 1867.

Council met in the Burgess Office, Present, W. E. Gapen, Burgess; Councilmen, Munnell, Berryhill and Rogers.

On motion of Berryhill, it was resolved, That Joseph Taylor, former collector of tax, be notified to pay over the funds in his hands and close his duplicate, on or before the 1st Monday of September, 1867, to John Munnell, Treasurer. And a similar notice was served on Perry A. Bayard, to close his duplicate on or before September 2, 1867. And J. Jackson Purman, former collector was notified to appear before the Council on Monday evening, August 5, 1867, to make an exhibit of the duplicate placed in his hands for collection. On motion, Wm Scott & Co. be specfully requested to remove their salt from the corner of High and Franklin streets, or fence the same, on account of its being made almost impassible by the congregation of cows, and Mr. Dawson Adams was requested to remove his old stable, made partly of brick, on account of its being dangerous to the travelers passing along said street.

There being no further business before the Council, it adjourned to meet on Monday evening, August 5, 1867.

W. E. GAPEN, Burgess.
B. F. FLENNIKEN, Sec'y.

Married.

ACKLEY—LAWRENCE—On the 6th of June, 1857, by Rev. Alex. W. White, Richard Ackley, of Greene Co., and Barbary Lawrences, of Washington Co., Pa.

Died.

HERRINGTON—On Tuesday of last week in Franklin tp., "Charlie," intant son of Capt. Benj., and Margeret A. Herrington, from inflamation of the brain. Aged 14 months and 1 day.

ADAMS—On Monday last, of Whooping Cough, "Jennie," eldest child of V. B. and Elizabeth Adams.

Markets.

WAYNESBURG MARKET.

WAYNESBURG, July 21, 1867.

Corrected Weekly for the REPUBLICAN.

PRODUCE.

Butter (fresh roll,) ₱ lb	15
Eggs ₱ doz	12½
Potatoes ₱ bush	2 00@2 25
Lard ₱ lb	10
Tallow ₱ lb	15
Country Soap ₱ lb	08
Dried Peaches ₱ lb	16

FLOUR AND GRAIN.

Flour ₱ bbl	$13@15
Wheat ₱ bush	2 50
Rye ₱ bush	1 00
Corn ₱ bush	80
Corn Meal ₱ bush	90

GROCERIES.

Coffee ₱ lb	30@33
Tea ₱ lb	2 00
Brown Sugar ₱ lb	15
Refined Sugar ₱ lb	20
Syrup ₱ gal	1 00
Molasses (N. Orleans)	1 20
Sorghum ₱ gal	1 00
Salt ₱ bbl	3 40
Rice ₱ lb	15

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

SATURDAY, July 20, 1867.

The most important feature of the week has been an arrival of new Flour, and several lots of new Wheat have been purchased for future delivery, and one small lot of the latter arrived on Friday from Westmoreland county. Next week, it is thought, that new Wheat will commence to come in from the adjoining counties pretty freely, and a week or so later we may look for new crop Barley, Oats and Rye.

GRAIN AND FLOUR.

Rye ₱ bush	$ 1 25
Oats ₱ bush	78@80
Corn ₱ bush	90
Spring Wheat	11 50@12 50
Winter Wheat	13 00@14 00

PROVISIONS.

Shoulders	12½@13
Sugar Cured Hams	21½@22
Lard	12½
Potatoes, (new crop) ₱ bbl	4 50
do (old crop) ₱ bush	1 00
Green Apples ₱ bbl	5 00@6 00
Cheese	16
Eggs ₱ doz	22
Butter	18@17

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, July 20, 1867.

FLOUR—In moderate demand.
WHEAT—Firm; sales of No. 1 at 82 35; No. 2, $1 98@2 05.
CORN—Closed firm at 85c for No. 1; 80½@80¾c for No. 2.
OATS—Firm, and 1@1½c higher, at 64@65c for No. 2.
RYE—Firm and quiet at $1 25 for No. 1.
BARLEY—Dull and nominal.
PROVISIONS—Active; Mess pork, $22 75@23.
LARD—Quiet at 12½c.
BEEF CATTLE—Dull at $6 50@7 50 for fair to good shipping.
HOGS—Quiet and 50@10c lower, at $6 70@7 00 for common to good smooth.

WOOL MARKET.

If there is much doing in this trade it is kept very silent. Our exchanges have scarcely anything to say. The New York "Tribune" for Saturday says: "The business in domestic fleeces is limited; most holders are more anxious to realize, but buyers do not come forward in view of the liberal arrivals of New Clip, and the continued depression in the Goods market."

The buyers here seem to be active, and we note considerable quantities in store and being shipped. The farmers, however, are too busy at present to trade, not caring either to sell at the rate current. Prices are nominal.

A WESTERN editor calls Greeley "Jeff Davis' Pain Killer."

THE receipts of internal revenue for the week were $3,230,367.

A FIRE in Quebec Saturday destroyed 20 houses.

REGISTRATION has closed in Nashville. Six thousand voters were registeren, of whom but 1,600 were white.

Special Notices.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract

BUCHU

Is a certain cure for diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, GENERAL DEBILITY, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE, from whatever cause originating and no matter of HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic.

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our Flesh and Blood are supported from these sources, and the HEALTH AND HAPPINESS, and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, Established upwards of 18 years, prepared by H. T. HELMBOLD, 594 Broadway, New York, and 104 South 10th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

3;13eow-1y.

Prepared Oil of Palm and Mace, for Preserving, Restoring and Beautifying the Hair.—And is the most delightful and wonderful article the world ever produced.

Ladies will find it not only a certain remedy to restore, Darken and Beautify the Hair, but also a desirable article for the Toilet, as it is highly perfumed with a rich and delicate perfume, independent of the fragrant odor of the Oils of Palm and Mace.

THE MARVEL OF PERU.—A new and beautiful perfume, which in delicacy of scent, and the tenacity with which it clings to the handkerchief and person, is unequalled.

The above articles for sale by all Druggists and Perfumers, at $1 per bottle each. Sent by express to any address by proprietors.

T. W. WRIGHT & CO.,
10;21'66-1y. 199 Liberty St., New York.

For Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, irritation, inflammation, or ulceration of the bladder, or kidneys, diseases of the prostrate glands, stone in the bladder, calculus, gravel or brick dust deposits and all diseases of the bladder, kidneys and dropsical swellings.

USE HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.
3;13,'67-eowly

Dr. Whittlesy takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous friend and patrons that he has returned to Washington and resumed practice at his old stand, corner of Main and Chestnut streets, where he can be found at all times by those wishing to consult him in regard to diseases and their treatment. The Dr. deems it unnecessary to enter into the details of his theory and practice, as from hundreds of cases which he has treated with complete success in Washington and adjoining counties, the public are more or less acquainted with his system. He would, however, say that during his residence in Cincinnatti he had experience in hospital practice, making weekly visits to the principal hospitals of the city, coming in contact with chronic diseases of every type and kind, and having ample opportunity to witness the effect of the most approved and scientific modes of treatment, the Doctor has also added to his office a very fine Microscope, which enables him to make Optical, Chemical, and Microscopical examinations of any case that may be presented, in short, to reduce medical Diagnosis by means of the urine to absolute certainty, leaving no room for doubt, either on his part, or that of the patient. The afflicted are invited to call and test his treatment with the assurance of speedy relief and permanent cure.

7;3-tf F. WHITTLESY.

Helmbold's Concentrated Extract BUCHU, Is the Great Diuretic,

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,

Is the Great Blood Purifier,

Both are prepared according to rules of Pharmacy and Chemistry, and are the most active that can be made.

3;13eow-1y.

Manhood and Youthful Vigor are regained by Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

3;13eow-1y.

To my Friends and Patrons.—I have, as many of you are aware, sold my Dental practice to Dr. J. S. Hertig. He has been engaged in the practice of Dentistry for seven years, the latter half of which time I have been acquainted with him and his professional career, and know him to be an honorable, upright, energetic man; as well as one of the most careful and successful operators I have ever known. I can conscientiously recommend him to all my patrons, feeling assured that he will render the very best satisfaction to all. I must now say farewell to all my friends and pleasant aquaintances. I go to seek another home, expecting to see but few of you again in the present state, but cherishing a fond hope to meet you all in the land of the just. With every good wish believe me truly yours,

6;13-3m S. S. PATTON.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu gives health and vigor to the frame and bloom to the pale cheek. Debility is accompanied by many alarming symptoms, and if no treatment is submitted to, consumption, insanity or epileptic fits ensue.

3;13,'67-eowly.

The Glory of Man is Strength.—Therefore the nervous and debilitated should immediately use Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

3;13,'67-eowly

Errors of Youth.—A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, and receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN OGDEN,
6;3-1y 42 Cedar St., New York.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash cures secret and delicate disorders in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties.

3;13eow-1y.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu is pleasant in taste and odor, free from all injurious properties, and immediate in its action.

3;13eow-1y

To Consumptives.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,

6;3-1y Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. Y.

Take no more unpleasant and unuseful remedies for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu and improved Rose wash.

3;13,'67-eowly.

Colgate & Co's.

COLGATE & CO. NEW YORK

GERMAN

ERASIVE SOAP

is manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be considered the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Groceries.

6;3-1y.

Shattered Constitutions Restored by Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

3;13,'67-eowly.

The Healing Pool, and House of Mercy.—Howard Association Reports for Young Men, on the crime of solitude, and the errors, abuses and diseases which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to marriage, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. 6;3-1y

New Advertisements.

WM. BINGHAM, JR., 54 *Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, is the authorized agent for the* REPUBLICAN, *in that city.*

E. A. TINKER.....H. L. MAPEL.

TINKER & MAPEL,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FOR THE SALE OF

HOGS, CATTLE AND SHEEP,

AT THEIR OWN YARDS,

WEST BALTIMORE, MARYLAND,

ADJOINING MD. LIVE STOCK SCALES.

Consignments respectfully solicited. All communications promptly answered. Post Office Address—Box 1500. 7;24-1y.

QUARTERLY REPORT.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, WAYNESBURG, PA., July 1, 1867.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$186,746 08
Furniture Fixtures	120 00
Current Expenses	42 38
Cash Items	5869 44
Due from Banks and Bankers	1,826 82
U. S. Bonds	80,150 00
Cash on Hand	19,617 83
	$279,367 53

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$100,000 00
Deposits for Increase	41,289 00
Surplus Fund	5,847 12
Circulation	71,680 00
Due Banks	22,336 61
Profit and Loss	471 46
Dividend Unpaid	982 28
Individual Deposits	357,41 08
	$279,367 53

I certify that the above is correct.
JOHN C. FLENNIKEN,
7;24-1t. Cashier.

Bounty Fund.

BOUNTY TAX STATEMENT.

An account of the School Directors of Greene township in relation to bounty Taxes levied in the Spring of 1864.

DR.	
March 1864, to tax levied	$2187 44
CR.	
Exonerations	$ 30 65
Collector's commission	42 74
Receipts from C. Garard, Treas'r	1528 52
Money refunded on subscription	514 94
DR.	
October 1864, to tax levied	3495 55
CR.	
Exonerations	141 16
Collector's commission	100 63
Receipts	3457 65
DR.	
July 1865, to tax levied	5745 62
CR.	
Exoneration	267 84
Collector's commission	31 54
do do	100 00
Receipts	5380 61
Expences to Brighton	47 10
do to Harrisburg	95 14
DR.	
July 9th, 1866, to taxes levied	623 30
CR.	
Exonerations	20 10
Collector's commission	24 12
Receipts	579 08 $12,051 91
Receipts	25 00—12,019 22
Balance due township	2 69

We, the undersigned auditors, do hereby certify the foregoing statement is correct, according to the accounts laid before us for settlement, to the best of our knowledge.

JOHN RUSE,
JACOB REAMER,
7;3-3w Auditors.

BOUNTY TAX REPORT.

From Dunkard township, for the year 1866, John Davis collector.

DR.	
To amount of duplicate	$8983 60
CR.	
By amount of bonds redeemed	$1497 45
Paid F. & D. Bank of Waynesburg	5113 05
Percentage for collecting and paying out	153 71
Exonerations	132 48
Paid George Keener	40 00
Paid E. Furman	66 00
Paid by order of School Directors of 1866, to Wm. Williams	33 00
Balance remaining in the hands of Collector Davis	1036 23
Amount in hands of A. P. Stewart, disburser of said fund	26 05—8983 60

We, the undersigned auditors, certify that the above statement is correct, according to the information given us by the School Directors and and Treasurer of said Bounty tax.

G. W. EURLY,
W. N. EVANS,
E. FURMAN,
6;26-3w Auditors.

Miscellaneous.

THE MONONGAHELA HOUSE,

RICE'S LANDING, GREENE COUNTY, PA.,

OLIVER & BAYARD, PROPRIETORS,

The best accommodations furnished the travelling public. House and appurtenances complete. Table always spread bountifully with the delicacies of the season. Horses for hire; feed and stabling at reasonable rates. 6;26-1f.

PLASTIC SLATE

FOR

ROOFING

AND OTHER PURPOSES.

As a Roofing Material it stands unrivalled. A mastic—it adapts itself to every shape and slope. Non-combustible, impervious, non-expansive, and undecaying.

FROST DOES NOT CRACK NOR HEAT DISSOLVE IT.

The only roofing material ever discovered that will resist the action of the elements as long as the structure it protects. Being susceptible of little, if not any wear from exposure, and perfectly FIRE-PROOF. It is unequalled as a coating for Manufacturing and Farm Buildings, fences, bridges, bottoms of Vessels, Vaults, &c.

References given in any part of the county, or specimens shown to visitors. Apply by letter, or in person to

R. L. JONES, Bentleysville, Wash. Co., Pa.
S. H. DOAK, R. L. JONES,
Licensees of Wash. and Greene counties.
L. W. JONES, AGENT,
6;24-1f. Waynesburg, Pa.

NOTICE TO THE TAX PAYERS OF GREENE COUNTY.

The undersigned, Treasurer of Greene county, hereby gives notice that in pursuance of the Act of Assembly, approved March 8, 1855, he will attend in the several townships and boroughs at the times and places designated, between the hours of nine o'clock, a. m., and five o'clock, p. m., to receive the State and County Taxes for 1867, to wit:

6TH WEEK.

Morris township, Monday, the 15th of July, at Nineveh, at the house of A. J Barker.

Centre township, Tuesday, the 16th of July, at the house of R. B. Church, Rogersville.

Jackson township, Wednesday, the 17th of July, at the house of T. J. Odenbaugh.

Marion township Tuesday, the 18th of July, at the Treasurer's Office, in Waynesburg.

5;22-tld THOS. IAMES, Treas.

RICHHILL AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

At a regular meeting of the Stockholders of the above named Society it was resolved that the Society hold their 2nd Annual Exhibition at their fair grounds, in Richhill tp., Greene county, Pa., on Wednesday and Thursday, September the 25th and 26th, 1867.

A. ROSS, Rec. Sec. D. W. WALTON, Pres't.
7;3-3w S. KNIGHT, Cor. Sec.

THE GREENE COUNTY AGRICULTURAL AND MANUFACTURING SOCIETY will hold their 15th Annual Exhibition at the fair grounds, in Carmichaels, on Thursday and Friday, the 10th and 11th days of October, 1867. It is expected that a superior list of premiums will be offered.

H. H. CREE, Pres't.
S. J. ACKLES, C. Sec. G. W. DAUGHERTY, R. S.
WM. HARTMAN, Treasurer.
7;17-3w.

ROBERT DOUGHERTY,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER, WAYNESBURG, PA.

Respectfully gives notice that he has located in Waynesburg, Pa., where he intends to manufacture

CARRIAGES

Of every description. From his experience in the business he feels confident that his work, in style, finish and durability, will give entire satisfaction. It is his determination to purchase the best material in market, and employ none but competent workmen.

All work warranted for one year. 6;3
2;21'66-1f.

Dry Goods.

FRANK, McGURGAN,

JUST RETURNED FROM

THE EASTERN CITIES,

WITH

A LARGE STOCK OF DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, NOTIONS, &c., &c.

His well merited popularity has induced him to replenish his stock at this late date. So any one wanting the

LATEST AND BEST STYLES,

should call early. Room in Minor's Building, opposite the Greene House. 4;17-tf'67.

GUIHER!

GUIHER AGAINST THE WORLD!

ANOTHER HUGE ARRIVAL!

Determined to be foremost in everything, Guiher has just received the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS

Ever brought to Waynesburg.

Go to Guiher's,
Go to Guiher's,
Go to Guiher's,

If you want
If you want
If you want

Cheap Goods ! !
Cheap Goods ! !
Cheap Goods ! !

7;17-tf.

[redacted]

THE RUSH IS NOW AT

SLATER ODENBAUGH'S

DRUG STORE!

He respectfully informs the citizens and physicians generally, that he has received the largest and finest stock of

DRUGS AND MEDICINES

ever offered in this market, which he will

SELL CHEAPER

than can be purchased anywhere else in the county.

PAINTS OF ALL KINDS!

Dry and in oil, of the very best quality, cheaper than the cheapest.

DYE STUFFS,

of the very finest selection.

OLD LIQUORS!

of all kinds, the finest that can be procured in the State. The

UNYIELDING LUNG SYRUP!

A remedy unsurpassed for the cure of bleeding of the lungs, spitting of blood, soreness of the breast and chest. Will change the frail yellow complexion to one of health, and will cure dyspepsia. This syrup is one of the most useful medicines of the day. This is a late medicine and we do not know of it failing in a single case—try it.

Also, all other prominent patent medicines always on hand. Together with the Cough Exterminator, the best in use for diseases of the throat, coughs, &c.

Also, a syrup the only remedy for hooping cough, all for sale at S. Odenbaugh's Drug Store. 6;19-3m.

Enfeebled and delicate constitutions of both sexes use Helmbold's Extract Buchu. It will give brisk and energetic feelings, and enable you to sleep well.

3;13eowly

Clothing.

WONDERS NEVER CEASE!

AT THE

CLOTHING STORE

OF

N. CLARK & SON,

It is no longer impossible to get a full suit for $7 50, of good material, that we will warrant to give entire satisfaction. Light Cassimere Pants and Vest, for $4 50, fine and nice style; Summer Pants and Vest for $3 50, the very best all wool

CASSIMERE SUITS!

from 20 to 25 dollars; the same that has cost you 45 dollars. A large and beautiful stock of

HATS AND CAPS!

The newest and best styles, the more elegant are the Henrietta, St. Cloud, Yacht, Broadway and

PEABODY CAP!

The cap deriving its name from

ENGLAND AND AMERICA'S

Munificent benefactor—MR. GEO. PEABODY. Every American youth who loves her greatest Benefactor should not fail to have one of those CAPS. A full and complete assortment of Gentlemen's furnishing goods. We have the New York Mill and Wansuttin Muslin Shirts, two of the best brands of muslin manufactured.

THE CELEBRATED ENGLISH RUFFLE SHIRT.

Wool and Cassimere Shirts, Fine Corset Jean Drawers and Summer Undershirts, Linen Handkerchiefs, Gloves and Hosiery, with ties, bows and scarfs, in endless variety. The Eugene, Victoria, and Isabella Bow, the very newest, the Zephyr Scarf, 7000 Paper Collars, of all styles, Ward's Shakespeare, Linen Imitation, Water Proof, Embroidered, Keystone, Goldsmith's Phœnix, Grays, &c., &c.

A few late styles cassimeres that will be sold by the yard. We kindly ask you to compare prices before buying. 6;25-'67-1y

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN!

FELLOW CITIZENS!

MR. PRESIDENT,

OR ANY OTHER MAN!

We have just received a splendid stock of

SPRING

AND

SUMMER CLOTHING!

ADAPTED TO MEN AND BOYS WEAR; ALSO, A FULL LINE OF

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Which we will sell at the lowest rates. Call and examine our stock. Prices are down and if we can't sell a man the clothing he wants NOBODY IN WAYNESBURG CAN. A. J. SOWERS.
Room in Allison's Building, Waynesburg Pa.
5;1-3m.

Business Cards.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

OF WAYNESBURG

DISCOUNT DAY.....TUESDAYS.
D. BONER, Pres't. J. C. FLENNIKEN, Cashier.
May 16, '66-1y.

LEWIS DAY,

DEALER IN BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

Wall Paper, Window Paper, &c. Sunday School Books of all kinds constantly on hand, room in Mrs. Rush's building, formerly occupied by Cotterell & Taylor, Waynesburg, Pa.
May 9, '66-1y.

WM. BAILEY,

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.

Keeps on hands always a choice and select assortment of Watches and Jewelry. Repairing done at the lowest rates. 6;1-'67-1y.

WM. T. WEBB, JR.,

SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKER,

(IN WILSON'S BUILDING, MAIN ST.)

Saddles, Bridles, Harness kept on hand and made to order. Work done in the best style, and at reasonable rates.

Repairing a speciality on short notice.
Farmer friends go look at his stock. 6;26-1y.

E. M. SAYERS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

In addition to other business will attend to all cases in Bankruptcy that may be entrusted to his care. Office, opposite Drug Store of G. W. Roberts & Co.

MARBLE WORKS,

SUMMERSGILL & BRO.

(JEWELL'S OLD STAND, UPPER END OF TOWN.)

The public are respectfully informed that Summergill & Bro. have just received a large stock of all kinds of

MARBLE WORK!

Such as Grave Stones, Monuments, Mantle Work, &c. We are prepared to furnish work at reasonable terms on short notice.

Miscellaneous.

THE WONDER OF THE AGE!

TIME, MONEY AND LABOR SAVED!

THE LATEST & BEST CHURN!

One of the latest Patents, issued on the 11th day of September, 1866, to Wm. R. McCutcheon, of Washington, Iowa, will be on exhibition in a few days at

JOHN MUNNELL'S,

in Waynesburg, Pa. This CHURN must supercede anything of the kind heretofore produced. The simpleness of its construction, and its two-fold or reversed motion, that produces butter from three to six minutes must induce the community to examine its qualities. It saves time—it saves work—and produces as much butter as any churn in existence. Mr. Munnell has full power to sell rights for Pennsylvania or New York State as well as to furnish Churns to citizens of this county.

MORRIS, ULLOM & CO., Agents.
3:27-tf.

FOUTZ'S
CELEBRATED
Horse and Cattle Powders.

This preparation, long and favorably known, will thoroughly reinvigorate broken-down and low-spirited horses, by strengthening and cleansing the stomach and intestines.

It is a sure preventive of all diseases incident to this animal, such as LUNG FEVER, GLANDERS, YELLOW WATER, HEAVES, COUGHS, DISTEMPER, FEVERS, FOUNDER, LOSS OF APPETITE AND VITAL ENERGY, &c. Its use improves the wind, increases the appetite—gives a smooth and glossy skin—and transforms the miserable skeleton into a fine-looking and spirited horse.

To keepers of Cows this preparation is invaluable. It increases the quantity and improves the quality of the milk. It has been proven by actual experiment to increase the quantity of milk and cream twenty per cent and make the butter firm and sweet. In fattening cattle, it gives them an appetite, loosens their hide, and makes them thrive much faster.

In all diseases of Swine, such as Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs, Liver, &c., this article acts as a specific. By putting from one-half a paper to a paper in a barrel of swill the above diseases will be eradicated or entirely prevented. If given in time, a certain preventive and cure for the Hog Cholera.

Price 25 Cents per Paper, or 5 Papers for $1.

PREPARED BY

S. A. FOUTZ & BRO.,
AT THEIR
WHOLESALE DRUG AND MEDICINE DEPOT,
No. 116 Franklin St., Baltimore, Md.

For Sale by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the United States.

G. W. Roberts & co., Agents, Waynesburg, Pa.
D:21,'66-1y

ROBERT DOUGHERTY,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER, WAYNESBURG, PA.

Respectfully gives notice that he has located in Waynesburg, Pa., where he intends to manufacture

CARRIAGES

Of every description. From his experience in the business he feels confident that his work, in style, finish and durability, will give entire satisfaction. It is his determination to purchase the best material in market, and employ none but competent workmen.

☞All work warranted for one year.☜
3:29-tf.

SHERMAN HOUSE,

JUST OPENED BY

THOMAS BRADLEY.

Positively the most complete Hotel in our town. Everything combined to furnish the best accommodation ever yet offered to the public.

Meals furnished at all hours, table provided with the best of the season.

Travellers and those desirous of refreshment will do well to call. "Tom" still retains his old reputation of an accommodating gentleman, and a hospitable landlord. House, the one formerly occupied by the "Messenger" Office.
5:26-'66-1y.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Wallace & Taylor, is this day (June 18th, 1867,) dissolved by mutual consent. The Books and Accounts of the firm are in the hands of Wm. Wallace, successor to Wallace & Taylor.

WM. WALLACE,
5:30-3 DAVID TAYLOR.

GEO. S. JEFFERY,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

All business pertaining to the office attended to promptly. Office with P. & A. Telegraph Co. east of the Court House. 1:1-tf.

I. O. OF O. F.

HOSHIMKA LODGE, NO. 358.

Hall in Ganear's Building, East Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. Time, Thursday evening, each week. dh.

I. O. OF O. F.

WAYNESBURG LODGE, NO. 469.

Hall in Ganear's Building, east Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. Time, Tuesday evening, each week. dh.

I. O. OF O. F.

WAYNESBURG ENCAMPMENT, NO. 119.

Hall in Ganear's Building, east Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. First and second Friday's of each month. dh.

Decedents' Estates.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of Elizabeth Staggers, late of Jackson township, Greene county, Pa., dec'd., notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

A. J. HINERMAN.
6:5-6t. of Aleppo township, Administrator.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Thomas Hughes, late of Jefferson township, Greene Co., Pa., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN HUGHES,
LINDSEY HUGHES,
Executors of Thos. Hughes, dec'd., Jefferson tp.
5:20-6w.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of Margeret Keener, of Dunkard tp., Greene county, Pa., dec'd.; notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN S. KEENER,
5:15-6t Dunkard township, Administrator.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Letters testamentary upon the estate of Joseph Thompson, late of Centre tp., Greene county Pa., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JAS. CALL,
DAVID THOMPSON,
7:17-6w Executors.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration having be granted to the undersigned upon the estate of Mary Sharpneck, of Cumberland township, Greene county Pa., dec'd., notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY SHARPNECK,
7:17-6w Of Cumberland tp., Administrator.

Printing.

PRINTING!

THE WAYNESBURG REPUBLICAN

JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

SAYERS' BUILDING, EAST OF THE PUBLIC SQUARE,

You will find him accommodating, and can sell lower than any one in the place. Be sure to go to the right place, in

WAYNESBURG, PENN'A.

PAMPHLETS,
PROGRAMMES,
BILL HEADS,
BUSINESS CARDS
POSTERS,
BLANKS,
LABELS,
&c., &c.

NEATLY EXECUTED.

MATERIAL!

And a more complete stock of

WE HAVE NOW A GREAT VARIETY OF

☞We employ the most competent printers, and propose to

MEET EVERY ORDER!

With which we are favored in the

SHORTEST TIME POSSIBLE

AND

IN THE MOST SATISFACTORY MANNER.

Particular attention given to

FINE RULE WORK CHECKS, CERTIFICATES, &C.,

TERMS REASONABLE!

Let us have a call before going elsewhere.

JAS. E. SAYERS,
7,17 Waynesburg, Pa.

Groceries &c.

NEW EXCITEMENT!

THE PROPOSED IMPEACHMENT

—OF—

H. RINEHART!

FOR SELLING CHEAP GROCERIES!

—o—

Having just returned from the city, he has opened the largest

NEW GROCERY!

in town. He desires to inform the citizens of Waynesburg and vicinity of the care he has taken in selecting his stock, having on hand a good supply of

CONFECTIONS, TOBACCO, CIGARS, TAR, also, PROVISIONS, BACON DRIED BEEF, POTATOES, FISH, DRIED PEACHES, &c., &c., &c., &c.

Call and see him as he has been getting

A NEW SUPPLY!!

You will find him accommodating, and can sell lower than any one in the place. Be sure to go to the right place, in

LEDWITH'S OLD BUILDING,

Opposite the Court House and formerly occupied by the Post Office. 4:18-6m.

RECONSTRUCTION!

NOT OF THE UNION,

BUT OF

ISAAC HOOPER'S

GROCERY AND CONFECTIONERY!

Mr. Hooper would still have his friends and patrons bear in mind, that he continues in the Grocery and Confectionery trade at his usual place of doing business, and that he has just received

A FRESH SUPPLY

of the best quality of all articles in his line,

TOYS—NOTIONS, and a great variety of useful articles always on hand.

REFRESHMENTS.

In connection with the above, Mr. Hooper keeps a Restaurant, where

ICE CREAM, BERRIES,

And all the luxuries of the season can be obtained.

The most attractive and most popular resort in town. 6:13-6-1y.

WILLIAM WALLACE.

DEALER IN

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS!

ONE DOOR WEST OF PETER BROWN'S STORE.

We have just received a well selected stock of Choice FAMILY GROCERIES, which we purchased for CASH and are confident that we can supply our customers and all who may favor us with a call, as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other house in the county.

COFFEES,
SUGARS,
MOLASSES,
SYRUPS,
TEAS,
RICE,
SODA,
TOBACCOS,
CIGARS,
SNUFFS, CANDLES, SOAPS, EXTRACT, COFFEE, STRAWBERRIES, JELLIES,
&c., &c., &c.

Don't fail to examine our stock and see for yourselves, for we are determined to sell as cheap as the cheapest. 5:8-1f '67

JOHN HUGHES. THOMAS LUCAS.

T. LUCAS & CO.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

And dealers in Groceries, Hardware, Leather, Shoe Findings, Iron, Nails, Salt, Fish, &c. Also, agents for Aubrey, Cronlow & Coon's Window Sash. A supply kept constantly on hands, Rice's Landing, Pa., above the BUN. 6:5-1f.

LAZEAR BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

No 77, EXCHANGE PLACE, BALTIMORE.

JAS. B. LAZEAR,
WM. L. LAZEAR. 5:15-1y.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

As the firm of HUGHES & LUCAS is dissolved by mutual consent, the Commission business will still be carried on at the old stand, in good order, and on the most reasonable terms, in the name and style of L. HUGHES & CO., (senior partner.) They flatter themselves, by having the House and the best location in the place for that business, that they will RECEIVE a liberal share of the public patronage.

They will also keep a good supply of GROCERIES on hand to accommodate all who may favor them with a call.

L. HUGHES & CO.,
4:10-1f. Rice's Landing, Pa.

SOMETHING NEW

IN WAYNESBURG, PENN'A.

THOS. BRADEN & CO.,

(At the store room formerly occupied by Andrew Wilson, Sr., next door to Braden's Drug Store.)

Respectfully informs the good people of Greene county, that they have opened a

HARDWARE STORE!

And invites a call from their friends and the public generally. Their store is filled with everything in their line needed by the farmer and mechanic. Being practical farmers, they know exactly the wants of their farmer friends. Among their variety of goods will be found Iron, Nails, of all kinds, Planes of all varieties, Augers, Braces, &c. Tuttle toothed, cross cut and mill saws, hand saws and tools of all descriptions.

AGRICTLTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Mowing Machines, Cutting Boxes, Corn Shellers, Plows, Cultivators, Shovels, Forks, and everything in their line.

SADDLERY HARDWARE.

A general assortment of saddlery hardware, to which they invite the attention of purchasers.

WOODEN WARE OF ALL KINDS.

Tubs, Buckets, Butter Bowls and all kinds of Kitchen Wooden Fixin's. Willow Baskets, Brooms, Brushes, Coal Buckets, Brass Kettles, Buggy Whips, Shot guns, Boys Wagons and Sleds.

All persons desirous of purchasing any of the above articles and many others not mentioned, will consult their interest by

CALLING SOON.

They will take pleasure in showing their stock at all times. So give them a call when you come to town. Remember the place, opposite the First National Bank.
12:12-tf. T. BRADEN & CO.

Select Reading.

"MA NEVER TOLD A LIE."

BY W. C. W.

While passing through the busy street
One drear December day,
A stranger saw two little feet
Too cold to run or play.
Compassion for the boy quick led
The stranger to his side—
"Pa, ma, and brother Willy's dead,
And I am sick," he said.

"I'm waiting, sir, for God to come—
I've waited all the day;
I have no pa, no ma, no home,
Nor where my head to lay.
But, sir, I know that God will see
And hear me when I cry,
For ma said God would care for me—
Ma never told a lie.

"Now, should you meet with God, please say
That Benny's sick and cold,
And that he's waited all the day
To gather in His fold.
Yet, O! it seems so long to be
Without a home—I cry,
But ma said God would care for me—
Ma never told a lie."

"God sent me boy"—the stranger's voice
Crept through the orphan's ear,
And made the little heart rejoice
That God was to and so near.
"God sent me here that I my lad,
Might give you better care,
Rewarding one in youth who had
Faith in a mother's prayer."

"O! sir, a thousand thanks I owe—
How shall I ever pay?
But how did God so quickly know
Just where poor Benny lay?
Yet I was sure that God would see
That Benny didn't die.
For ma said He would care for me—
Ma never told a lie."

OUT OF THE PARTY.—The Oskaloosa *Herald* tells the following amusing story of a life-long Democrat in that vicinity who was for years a slave to drink, but for twenty months past has been a radical temperance man. He was sitting in his office conversing with several friends, when the door opened and Mr. D., a rigid old Democrat came in. The usual compliments of the day passed when the latter gave Mr. H. a slight nudge and winked him out of the back door, when cautiously peering around to see that no one was observing them, he drew from the deep recesses of his pocket a pint flask which bore the appearance of having been several times visited, and asked him to drink.

"No," replied H. "I don't drink."

"You are a liar," responded D.

"I pledge you my word," responded H., "that I have not drank a drop for over twenty months."

"Is that so?"

"It is; and I am now a member of the Good Templar Lodge in this place."

For a moment a look of blank astonishment came over the countenance of the old Democrat, which gave way to one of anguish, as he said:

"Good God! have you left the Democratic party?"

Mr. H. is still a strong Democrat but thinks the above is too good to be lost.

Now that the summer is coming, look out for cholera. A Western newspaper notices the prevalence of a new disease called the pipsynipsy, and thinks it peculiar to that section. We do not know that the exact disease has made its appearance here, but the remedy is in general use. The disease is described as follows: A sudden depression of collipsis dinix, a caving in of the spinality of the backbonibus, and a feeling of slimness in the immediate vicinity of the diaphragm, may be regarded as symptoms that the complaint is coming on. The following remedy will afford instant relief. Spiritus vina Otard, z. i.; sugarum whium, q. s.; icibus coolus, q. r.: shakiste violenter: addus sprigus mintus duus, and suckite cum strawum. We have heard it said that it is worth while having the disease for the sake of the remedy. There are other prescriptions, however which may be of use. Thus for the *squimpus*, which manifests itself by an alveolar ex-crushment of the flabellæ, and a sudden explosion of the sclopulum among the minor deltoids of the guyastrupus, we should take: Tinct. Peruvii barki bittersi, 1 oz. Sugari albi, vel sweetningus, considerabilibus. Spiritus frumenti, velold ryeus, ad lib. Waterus pumpus, non multum. Nutmegus, sprinklibus.

THE Salt Lake *Vedette* has the following:

A wayfarer dropped into the Occidental Hotel in this place to get a square meal. Having planted himself in a chair at one of the tables, he was confronted with "What'll you have?" The hungry one fastened his eyes on the *attache la soupe*, and said: "What have you got that's good?" "Oh, we have roast beef, corn beef, roast mutton, fried ham, and broiled curlew!" "What the deuce is curlew?" said the stranger. "Curlew?—why, curlew is a bird, something like a snipe." "Does it fly?" "Yes." "Did it have wings?" "Yes." "Then I don't want any curlew in mine; anything that had wings and could fly and didn't leave this accursed country, I don't want for dinner!"

WHEN Gen. Grant was in Charleston he was entertained by Gen. Sickles. Next door to the residence of Gen. Sickles resided a secesh family, the children of which—evidently under instructions from their seniors—made mouths at Gen. Grant every time he appeared on the stoop or at the window, and used other insulting gestures against the commander-in-chief. They even accompanied it by abusive language. Next day not a stone or splinter of that house would have been visible if Gen. Grant had not personally interfered to prevent the soldiers from pulling it down.

Medical.

T. W. ROSS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office in Jewell's building, West end of Main St. Waynesburg. 6:1-6-tf.

SLATER ODENBAUGH,

DEALER IN DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

Liquors and everything pertaining to a first class Drug Store. Prescriptions carefully compounded. "Creiga's Old Stand," Waynesburg Pa. 5:30-'66-1y.

DENTISTRY.

I have located in Waynesburg, and am occupying the late residence of Dr. S. S. Fetton. Having taken great pains to become thoroughly acquainted with both the theory and practice of Dentistry, and having had an experience of seven years in the profession, I feel warranted in saying that my patients shall have no cause to complain of inferior operations. Extraction will be rendered painless, when desired, by the administration of "Laughing gas" or other anæsthetics. Charges moderate, and all operations warranted as represented. I will be at home WITHOUT FEE ADVENTURE from the fifteenth to the thirtieth of every month. JOS. S. HERTIG.
6:12-tf

FELLOWS'

WORM LOZENGES!

Are, without exception, the most extraordinary Medicine of the age. Comprising as they do, Remarkable Power in expelling worms, with pleasant taste and perfect safety. They contain no Mercury, no Mineral, no Turpentine, no Oil of Wormseed, no Poison, nothing injurious. They are entirely Vegetable.

SYMTOMS OF WORMS:—Itching of the nose, feverishness, twitching or starting suddenly during sleep, pain in the stomach, loss of flesh, paleness with hectic appetite sometimes voracious, at others feeble, a dullness of the eyes, drowsiness, a swelled upper lip, tongue whitely furred and studded with red spots, fœtid or garlic breath, grinding of the teeth during sleep, a sensation of lodgment in the throat, an unnatural craving for diet, chalk or clay, fretfulness and irritability of temper, choleic fits and palsy. Intestinal Worms are among the first to undermine the constitution in the list of diseases. They often occasion severe disease, ending sometimes fatally, particularly when they ascend to the stomach. Their presence in their most ordinary situation is attended with unfavorable effects upon the general health. Eminent men assert that all are more or less troubled with worms, and that many die annually from this cause, who, by the timely administration of a proper remedy would be saved. As FELLOWS' WORM LOZENGES may be taken without any unpleasant results, and as most children are fond of them, their use is recommended to those apparently healthy, and thus dispel the cause of what would produce suffering.

Be careful what you use. Various remedies have from time to time, been recommended, such as Calomel, Oil of Wormwood, Turpentine, &c., so that dangerous and even fatal consequences are produced. The necessity of a safe and sure remedy has caused much research and study by the proprietors of FELLOWS' WORM LOZENGES. They are positively safe, pleasant and effectual. They do not kill worms, but act by making their dwelling place disagreeable to them. In order, however, to guard consumers against deception by a base compound, the analysis of Dr. A. A. HAYES, State Assayer, proving the above statement is annexed.

"I have analyzed the WORM LOZENGES prepared by Messrs. FELLOWS & Co., and find that they are free from Mercury and other metallic or mineral matter. These Lozenges are skilfully compounded, pleasant to taste, safe, yet sure and effectual in their action."

Respectfully, A. A. HAYES, M. D.,
Assayer of the State of Mass.

Please remember that Fellows' Worm Lozenges are prepared with great care from the concentrated extracts of two plants. They do not act as a purgative or emetic, will not debilitate the patient, are so simple an infant may devour a whole box without harm, and will at the same time expel the worms in an extraordinary manner.

☞Fellows' worm Lozenges is the only Worm Remedy in existence combining harmless qualities with delicious taste and amazing power.—Price Twenty-five cents per Box. Five boxes for a dollar. The signature of Fellows & Co. is attached to each genuine box. Sold by Medicine dealers generally. Prepared at the New England Botanic Depot, for the Proprietor.

J. C. FRENCH,
DEMAS BARNES & Co. Gen'l. Agents, N. Y.
6:24-6m.

AN INVALUABLE MEDICINE FOR THE PURIFYING OF THE BLOOD.

DR. J. W. POLAND'S

HUMOR DOCTOR.

A Positive Remedy for all kinds of Humors, particularly Erysipelas, Nettle Rash, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Carbuncles, Boils and Piles. It is very gratifying to say of this, or of any other medicine, "It is the very best remedy known." It is not always so easy to prove it. It is, however, exceedingly gratifying to the proprietor of this medicine, that, while he declares to the public that this is a most wonderful and effective specific for Humors, as stated above, he has abundant proof at hand to sustain his statement.

For sixteen years the Humor Doctor has been manufactured and sold, and every year has increased the value of its recommendations, and the amount of its sales. In New Hampshire, where it originated, no remedy for humors is so highly prized. An eminent physician now on array surgeon when practicing in New Hampshire, purchased between fifty or sixty gallons of it, during one season of each year, and used it in his practice. He was sometimes ordered for duty at the post where he was stationed. Other physicians have purchased it, and have used it in practice with great success. When the proprietor lived in New Hampshire, at Gottstown Center, for the space of thirty or forty miles around, and in Manchester, particularly, the Humor Doctor was well known and highly valued for the numerous and wonderful cures which it effected. Though manufactured in large quantities the supply was frequently exhausted, and purchasers had to wait for more to be made. In that region some very severe cases of Erysipelas were treated with—and they were cured! Erysipelas, sores, or carbuncles, of the most ugly, painful nature, were entirely removed wherever this medicine was faithfully used. So it was with Scrofula and Salt Rheum. The Humor Doctor cured them.

For the sake of showing what is thought of it, a few testimonials are here inserted:

MILTON GALE, Esq., Bostros.

I hereby certify that I was sorely afflicted with Boils for two years, developing themselves upon my limbs and other parts of my body. The sufferings which I endured from them are indescribable. Suffice it to say that I faithfully tried several of the most popular humor remedies, but without removing the affliction. At length, by the earnest request of an intimate friend, I was induced to try Dr. J. W. Poland's Humor Doctor, and am very happy to attest that all my Boils were removed, and my health was restored by using Dr. J. W. Poland's aforesaid medicine.
Boston, Jan. 14, 1856. MILTON GALE.

A. C. WALLACE, Esq., MANCHESTER, N. H.

Dr. J. W. Poland—Dear Sir: I very cheerfully give my testimony in favor of your Humor Doctor as an excellent remedy for humors. My numerous acquaintances in Manchester know how severely I was afflicted with Boils and they know how perfectly good my health is at present. Your Humor Doctor cured me. Please refer to me for particulars in my case.
June 11, 1856. A. C. WALLACE.

MRS. PORTER, DOVER, N. H.
July 22, 1855.

DR. POLAND: I received your letter inquiring as to the effects of your medicine on sea-sickness. I am happy to say that I think it is "the medicine" for that dreadful sickness. I tried various prescriptions, but found none that settled the stomach and cleared the head like the Humor Doctor. I left as though I could hardly wait to get ashore, to entreat you to introduce it into ship chandlery stores, that it may find its way to those who suffer upon the mighty deep from sea-sickness. If captains who take their families with them, or carry passengers, should try it once, they would never be willing to voyage without it.

I have used it for my family since its introduction to the public for bilious habits, headache and humors about my children, and have always found it a sure cure.

I am not fond of having my name appear in public, and would not consent to it on any other account but to relieve the suffering; but if the foregoing will be of any service to you or the public, you can make use of it.

Yours, HARRIET M. PORTER.

Much more might be stated in relation to this medicine, as contained in testimonials, but it is needless. Ask Manchester druggists about it, especially E. W. Blake, at Barr's. Inquire of Mr. Henry Plumer, of Bedford, whose wife was cured by it of Salt Rheum. Ask almost any person in Gofistown, and they well declare its value as a remedy, as used in their own cases or by their friends.

The Humor Doctor was formerly sold at fifty cents per bottle; but the cost of every ingredient composing it has gone up so enormously, that the price has been raised to SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS ONLY, and that by compulsion.

The Humor Doctor is prepared at the New England Botanic Depot, for the Proprietor, J. C. French.

Sold by Medicine Dealers everywhere.
DEMAS BARNES & CO., General Agents, New York. 6:24-6m.

WAYNESBURG MARBLE AND STONE WORKS.

SAYERS & RINEHART.

Still continue to carry on the Marble and Stone cutting business at their long established stand immediate east of the Public Square, between High and Greene streets, Waynesburg, Pa.

This establishment has been in constant operation since 1859, and the long experience and energy of the proprietors, linked with the exercise of sound judgment and good taste, have won for them a wide spread and enviable reputation. An extensive stock of the various varieties of the best marble kept constantly on hand. Special attention paid to polishing, pressing, carving and engraving.

All orders promptly filled. 6:22-'66-tf.

Dry Goods.

NEW SUMMER GOODS,

SHIRK & SUTTON,

(SUCCESSORS TO A. WILSON, JR., WAYNESBURG.)

We have removed to Waynesburg, and respectfully inform our friends and the public that we are now receiving a beautiful assortment of

CHEAP DRY GOODS,

For the Spring trade, to which we invite the attention of our old customers and all others to an examination of our stock, which embraces the

LATEST SUMMER STYLES,

Of Dress Goods of all descriptions, very pretty and at very astonishing low prices! And are determined no one shall sell

BETTER GOODS

at less prices than we do. We call attention to our stock of Millinery Trimmings Balmoral and Hoop Skirts, Hosiery, Gloves and Ribbons.

CALICO AND MUSLINS!

And every variety of goods usually kept in a first class Store. Men and Boys'

FURNISHING GOODS!

of all kinds, Men and Boys' Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes,

GROCERIES, NOTIONS, QUEENSWARE,

&c., &c. It would be useless to undertake to enumerate all our goods. We will endeavor to make it to your interest to deal with us.

☞We hope by giving strict attention to business and honorable dealing, to merit a liberal share of patronage. Drop in at all events.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE,

at A. Wilson's Store room, in Wilson's New Building, Waynesburg, Pa. 4:24-tf '67

SOMETHING NEW!

MRS. E. S. SAYERS & HOSKINSON

Have just arrived from the East with a large assortment of foreign and domestic

DRY GOODS,

SPRING AND SUMMER STYLES!

which they propose to sell at the lowest CASH prices! such as Dress Goods, Dress Trimming, Dress Buttons, Ladies Shawls, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps; also, a great variety of nicenticles, at very low prices for

GENTLEMEN AND LADIES' WEAR,

Wares of all kinds, and a complete variety of the best GROCERIES. All of which they propose to sell at the very lowest figures, depending on the quality and cheapness of their goods to gain their custom.

Give them a call before purchasing elsewhere, and they will prove that the above is correct. Room in Allison's building, nearly opposite the Court House, Waynesburg. 4:1,'67-tf

BEAUTIFUL DISPLAY!

OF

DRY GOODS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, &c.,

AT

EVANS' ESTABLISHMENT.

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT

OF

EVERYTHING IN THE LINE!

Wishing to close out for the Fall trade, he offers his goods at astonishing low rates for cash. The stock is as late as the latest and the best in market.

Minor's Building, opposite the Greene House.
4:23-3m. L. K. EVANS.

LATEST FASHIONS DEMAND

J. W. BRADLEY'S CELEBRATED PATENT

DUPLEX ELIPTIC

(OR DOUBLE SPRING)

SKIRT.

The Wonderful Flexibility and great comfort and pleasure to any lady wearing the Duplex Elliptic Skirt will be experienced particularly in all crowded assemblies, operas, carriages, railroad cars, church pews, arm chairs, for promenade and house dress, as the skirt can be folded when in use to occupy a small place as easily and conveniently as a Silk or Muslin Dress, an invaluable quality in crinoline, not found in any single spring Skirt.

A lady having enjoyed the pleasure, comfort and great convenience of wearing the Duplex Elliptic Steel Spring Skirt for a single day, will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For Children, Misses and Young Ladies they are superior to all others.

They will not bend or break like the single spring, but will preserve their perfect and graceful shape when three or four ordinary skirts will have been thrown aside as useless. The hoops are covered with double and twisted thread, and the bottom rods are not only double springs, but twice (or double) covered; preventing them from wearing hout when dragging down stoops, stairs, &c.

The Duplex Elliptic is a great favorite with all ladies and is universally recommended by the Fashion Magazine as the standard skirt of the fashionable world.

To enjoy the following inestimable advantages in Crinoline, viz: superior quality, perfect manufacture, stylish shape and finish, flexibility, durability, comfort and economy, enquire for J. W. BRADLEY'S Duplex Elliptic, or Double Spring Skirt, and are sure you get the genuine article.

CAUTION.—to guard against imposition be particular to NOTICE that skirts offered as "DUPLEX" have the red ink stamp, viz: "J. W. Bradley's Duplex Elliptic Steel Springs." Also Notice that every Hoop will admit a pin being passed through the centre, thus revealing the two (or double) springs braided together therein, which is the secret of their flexibility and strength and a combination not to be found in any other skirt.

For sale in all stores where first class skirts are sold throughout the United States and elsewhere.

Manufactured by the Sole Owners of the Patent,

WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY,

97 Chambers & 79 & 81 Reade Streets, N. Y.
8:15-3m.

Special Notices.

A NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF.

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

A most exquisite, delicate, and Fragrant Perfume, distilled from the rare and beautiful flower from which it takes its name.

Manufactured only by
PHALON & SON, New York.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.

CLIMAX! CLIMAX!!

Page's Climax Salve, a Family blessing for 25 cents.

It heals without a scar. No family should be without it.

We warrant it to cure Scrofula Sores, Salt Rheum, Chilblains, Tetter, Pimples, and all Eruptions of the Skin. For Sore Breast or Nipples, Cuts, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands, &c., it makes a perfect cure.

It has been used over fifteen years, without one failure.

It has no parallel—having perfectly eradicated disease and healed after all other remedies had failed. It is a compound of Arnica with many other Extracts and Balsams, and put up in larger boxes for the same price than any other Ointment.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. White & Howland, Proprietors, 121 Liberty Street, New York.

DR. SCHENCK'S

PULMONIC SYRUP.

This great medicine cured Dr. J. H. Spencer, the Proprietor, of Pulmonary Consumption, when it had assumed its most formidable aspect, and when speedy death appeared to be inevitable. His physicians pronounced his case incurable when he commenced the use of this simple but powerful remedy. His health was restored in a very short time, and no return of the disease has been apprehended, for all the symptoms quickly disappeared, and his present weight is more than two hundred pounds.

Since his recovery, he has devoted his attention exclusively to the cure of Consumption and the Diseases which are usually complicated with it, and the cures effected by his medicine have been very numerous and truly wonderful. Dr. Spencer makes professional visits to several of the larger cities weekly, where he has a large concourse of patients, and to invalids unable to see poor consumptives the favor to be lifted out of their carriages, and in a few months healthy, robust persons. DR. SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC, and MANDRAKE PILLS are generally all that is required in Consumption. Full directions accompany each, so that any one can take them without seeing Dr. Schenck, but when it is convenient to see him, he gives advice free, but an office examination with the Spirometer has become necessary in all cases.

Pulmonic Syrup, which thickens the two ill names at the commencement when in the last stage of consumption, and the other as he now is, in person, both are on the Government stamp.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Price $1,50 per bottle, or $7,50 the half dozen. Letters for advice should always be directed to Dr. Schenck's Principal Office, No. 15 North 6th St., Philadelphia, Pa. He is also wholesale Agent for Demas Barnes & Co., N. Y.; S. S. Hance, Baltimore, Md.; John D. Park, Cincinnati; Orton Walker & Taylor, Chicago, and Demas Barnes, St. Louis, Mo. 7:24 w. ea. mo. 1 yr.

Sales.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE!

WITH GRIST MILL, SAW MILL, COAL BANKS, &C.

The undersigned offers at private sale that valuable property, situate on the Monongahela River, at the Mouth of Muddy Creek, Greene county, Pa., containing about forty-five (45) acres of rich bottom land. There is on the premises a valuable

STEAM ENGINE!

which will be included in the sale. The Coal Banks is open and shows an inexhaustable supply. No more desirable location for a Distillery can be found in the State.

For further particulars apply to E. A. Flenniken, Davidson's Ferry, Greene county, Pa., or by letter to the undersigned.

JOHN M. DARRAH,
6:8-3m Hartsville, Bucks Co., Pa.

LAND SALE.

For sale, 1,500 acres of Timber Land, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, near Littleton Station, West Va., on which there is a Steam Saw Mill, Tannery and abundance of the best kind of Shave, Building and Stave Timber. Is rich and well adapted to grazing, and will be cut in parcels to suit purchasers. Apply to O. Marshall near the premises, or to Dawson Adams, Waynesburg, Greene County, Pa.
6:26-6m

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Greene county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in Waynesburg, on

SATURDAY, 27TH DAY OF JULY,

next, at one o'clock, p. m., the following property, viz: All the right, title, interest and claim of defendants of, in, and to a certain tract of land situate in Monongahela township, Greene county, Pa., containing one hundred and nineteen acres, more or less, about 80 acres of which are cleared. Adjoining lands of Benjamin Maple, John Minor, Sam'l. Minor, Wm. Gray and others, and has erected thereon a log house, weatherboarded, log stable and other outbuildings. An excellent orchard on the farm.

ALSO, Another piece of land situate in said township, beginning at a course on the creek, thence by lands of Thomas Board's heirs five perches, thence by lands of Noah Hartley, 31 perches to a course, thence up the creek 325 perches, thence by land of Thos. Board's heirs, 24 perches to a post by a sycamore, thence down the creek by the same 31 perches to the place of beginning, containing one acre more or less.

ALSO, Another piece of land situate in said township, beginning on the coal and board line, thence by said line 9½ perches to a stake, thence by land of Noah Hartley, 7 perches in the creek, thence by land some 5 8-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing one acre more or less.

Taken in execution as the property of the Whitely Creek Oil Company, at the suit of Wm. Phillips.

6:26-3t. HEATH JOHNS, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Greene county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in Waynesburg, on

SATURDAY, 3D DAY OF AUGUST,

next, at one oclock, p. m., the following property, viz: All the right, title, intest and claim of defendants of, in and to a certain tract of land situate in Dunkard township, Greene county, Pa.! containing Two Hundred Acres, More or less, about one hundred and seventy acres cleared, and has erected thereon one Brick and Frame dwelling house, three tenant houses, a frame barn, two frame stables, one Grist and Saw Mill and other out buildings; an apple orchard, &c. Adjoining lands of Josiah South, Bowen Ross, and Eli Evans. Bounds North by Dunkard Creek and South West by Taylortown.

Taken in execution as the property of the Kusart Farm Oil Company, at the suit of Archibald F. Coon and Ira Ross. HEATH JOHNS, Sh'ff.
7:3-3t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Greene county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in Waynesburg, on

SATURDAY, 3D DAY OF AUGUST,

next, at one o'clock, p. m., the following property, viz: All the right, title, interest and claim of defendants, of, in and to a certain tract of land situate in Jefferson township, Greene county, Pa., containing Fifty Acres, more or less, about twenty acres cleared, on which is erected one log house, corn crib and some fruit trees. Adjoining lands of William Kincaid, Hugh C. Houlsworth and others.

Taken in execution as the property of the Clifton Petroleum Oil Company, at the suit of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

7:3-3t HEATH JOHNS, Sh'ff.